

VOLUME 109, No. 5

BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1914

ESTABLISHED IN 1805

PERSONAL NOTES

Arrivals and Departures of Residents and Visitors.

IN THE SOCIAL WORLD

The Column Everybody Reads—Chat About Your Friends and Neighbors—Here and There.

Mr. Elias Blackburn of Cessna was a Bedford visitor last Friday.

Mr. J. J. Hershberger of Cessna was a Bedford visitor last Friday.

Miss Laura Barley of Well's Tannery spent the past week with her friend, Miss Edna McClellan.

Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Gelfo are spending this week in Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. Belcher Alsip of Cumberland spent last week with Bedford relatives and friends.

Mrs. Etta Barclay of near town left this week to visit her son, Prof. E. R. Barclay of Pottsville.

Miss Allie Yont of Buda, Ill., is visiting her cousin, Mrs. J. H. Clark, of East Penn Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Shaffer and son of Point were Bedford visitors last Friday.

Mr. William Drenning of West Providence Township transacted business in town on Tuesday.

Mr. D. E. Donaldson of Six Mile Run was a business visitor in Bedford on Monday.

Mrs. Louisa H. Hickok has closed her summer home, the old Anderson homestead on Pitt Street, and returned to Harrisburg Thursday.

Mrs. C. L. Bretz has returned to her home in Cumberland, after a short visit here. She was accompanied by Mrs. S. S. Metzger.

Mrs. Annie T. Welshbone and little granddaughter of Keyser, W. Va., are spending a few weeks with Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Cleaver.

Mr. Chester G. McClellan and Mrs. Charles E. McClellan and little daughter of Fostoria, O., are spending some time at the home of Mr. G. W. McClellan on West Pitt Street.

Rev. Dr. Duffy of Bay Saint Louis, Miss., who has been preaching in St. James Episcopal Church, Bedford and at Everett, for three months, left for his Southern home Tuesday, accompanied by Mrs. Duffy.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Slager and daughter and Mrs. J. C. Crawford and Mrs. A. C. Devilbiss of Chambersburg spent several days this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Lysinger, East Penn Street.

They made the trip here in their auto.

Jeweler J. E. Cleaver and Mr. and Mrs. William Weiser left Bedford on Sunday for Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Weiser will return by way of Baltimore. Mr. Cleaver, after spending several days at the home of Jeweler and Mrs. Debaugh, returned on Thursday.

Joseph William Montgomery, of Pittsburgh, who was known to the Bedford boys 40 years ago, as "Bill Montgomery, the bumble-bee fighter," was shaking the hands of old friends at the Bedford County Fair.

Bill left Bedford 38 years ago, and has resided in Pittsburgh for 35 years. He is a prosperous carpenter and joiner.

Among those who called at our office while in town on Thursday of last week were Messrs. B. A. Miller and Ambrose Callithan of Pleasantville, J. H. Roudabush, O. S. Acker and B. F. Feathers of Imier, M. A. Tipton of Hyndman, W. A. Corley of West End, Jacob Mills of Clearville, Rt. 2, G. M. McMillen of New Paris, M. C. Bivens of Hopewell and S. W. Kimnell of East St. Clair Township.

William Myers

William Myers died at his home near Claysburg last Monday morning of a complication of diseases after a short illness. Deceased was born March 19, 1847, and for the greater part of his life lived near Claysburg. He is survived by his wife and the following children: C. K. and Mrs. J. Burket of Altoona; G. K. Myers of Roaring Spring; Mrs. H. G. Feather of Claysburg; Mrs. Ross Fickes of Imier; Mrs. B. F. Croyle of Queen, Mrs. Leslie Berkeheimer of Fishertown; Mrs. H. J. Black of Queen and Mrs. J. H. Dively of King. Interment was made at Claysburg on Wednesday.

Mrs. R. M. Trout

The funeral service of Mrs. R. M. Trout was held at Glenwood, Pa., on Friday September 25. She died at Denver the previous Friday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. S. B. Nelson. Mrs. Trout was a native of Pennsylvania. Her maiden name was Sarah J. Silver, and she was born April 27, 1837. She was married to Mr. Trout in Bedford on December 24, 1856, and went to Omaha in 1869.

Miss Dora Claycomb

Miss Dora Claycomb died Tuesday night of last week at her home at Buffalo Mills from burns received while boiling apple butter a few days previous. Her clothing ignited from the fire under the kettle and she was terribly burned. She was 18 years of age and is survived by her mother.

Robbers in Town

Thieves broke in and stole an Overcoat from the hooks in Harold S. Smith Company's store. Other articles may have been taken but it could not be detected. The thieves were likely scared away since they left a padded suit case just inside the door. They were also in Josiah Ritehey's grocery store.

Samuel Hunt

The residence of John H. Hunt on West Mahoning Street, Danville, Wednesday night, October 7, was the scene of a sudden death, which occurred under circumstances that made the sad event doubly a shock to the household. The person who was so suddenly called from life was Samuel Hunt of Charlottesville, this county. In company with his niece, Mrs. Anna Koonitz of Charlottesville he arrived in Danville Monday night for a visit at John Hunt's, his first cousin. During Wednesday evening, the two veterans of the Civil War, for both of them took an active part in that war, were talking over those never-to-be-forgotten days. At 10:30 preparations were made to retire for the night. J. H. Hunt kept his seat in the sitting room, while his guest, after bidding him good night, started up the stairs preceded by Mrs. J. H. Hunt, who carried a light. He had got about halfway up when without premonition of any kind sustained a stroke of apoplexy and fell backward down the stairs. Mrs. Hunt was nearly overcome as the effect of the shock and fright. The victim of the stroke—lying at the foot of the foot of stairs—was still breathing. Dr. P. C. Newbaker, who lives opposite on the same street, was called. He quickly responded but by the time he arrived the man had ceased to breathe. Death was due to a stroke of apoplexy, said the physician. "The fall which followed was in no way responsible for the death."

The body was brought home on Thursday. The funeral services were arranged for Sunday morning and as his own pastor from Bedford, Rev. Bishara, could not be present, Rev. Walter C. Pugh of the Friends' Cove Reformed Church had charge of the services. It was one of the largest funerals ever held in the Cove.

The deceased is survived by his widow and three sons: Charles, V. Clarence and John Hunt, all residents of Bedford County.

Samuel Hunt was an enterprising merchant of Charlottesville, and was widely known in Bedford County. He was a veteran of the Civil War and ex-postmaster of Charlottesville. He was born March 31, 1834, in Bedford County and was of good old Irish ancestry, being the grandson of Thomas Hunt, who emigrated from Ireland and was one of the pioneers of Cumberland Valley Township, Bedford County. Samuel Hunt obtained his education in Cumberland Valley, the Bedford High School and Rainsburg Seminary; and after completing his studies he taught school with excellent success several winters. In October, 1862, he enlisted as a recruit, and was assigned to Company K, Fifty-fifth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. On August 30, 1865, he received his honorable discharge from the service, and at once returned to Bedford County and opened a store of general merchandise at Charlottesville. By his upright business methods and his fine Christian character he won the esteem and confidence of the community. The whole community was shocked when they learned of his sudden death and they all went to the funeral services to show their honor and esteem for their fellow citizen and brother.

Mrs. F. L. Pittman

Mrs. F. L. Pittman died at her home in East Providence Township on Tuesday of last week, aged about 29 years. Her maiden name was Minerva Feight. Her husband, one son and one daughter survive, also her mother, six brothers and one sister.

Funeral services were held at Union Memorial Church last Thursday afternoon, Rev. J. R. Logue officiating. Interment was made in the church cemetery.

David Fulford

The funeral of David Fulford, who died October 8, was held at the Barclay home on South Juliana Street, Saturday morning. Rev. J. A. Eyer of the Reformed Church conducted the service. Interment was made in the Bedford Cemetery. Miss Mary Fulford, a sister, of Clearfield, and Mrs. Myrtle Stephens, a niece, of Tyrone, attended the funeral.

David Fulford was born in Bedford, March 11, 1846, and spent many years of his life in the neighborhood where he died. When a school boy and when a young man he worked at the Job Mann home, and for the past 20 years he had worked for the Barclay family, where he had a good home, and where he was kindly treated in his declining years. Davy Fulford, as he was known, was a faithful, industrious man. Davy was a happy bachelor, full of quiet humor. He has said to the writer: "If never had a sweetheart. Good-bye, Davy; good luck to you, and may you have as good a home in the next world as you had here."

Rally Day

A special program will be rendered in Reformed Church, all day next Sunday. Beginning at 9:45 next Sunday morning, Rally Day will be observed at all the services in St. John's Reformed Church. Among the special features on the program for the Sunday School hour, 9:45, will be instrumental solos by Misses Irene Cuppett and Nellie Croyle, music by the High School Orchestra, and an address by Prof. L. H. Hinkle. At 11 a. m. the pastor will preach a special sermon for Rally Day. At 7:30 p. m. there will be a musical program with special numbers by Misses Elizabeth Kistner and Marie Wertz and by Misses Ruth Reed and Louise Stock. At this service addresses will be delivered by Mr. D. M. Schaeffer, Dr. A. Enfield and Mr. E. M. Pennell. The public is cordially invited to all of these services.

Educational Missing Word Contest Still Gains Interest

It is a great surprise how many correct answers are sent in by the contestants. The words thus far omitted are easy in a sense but readers say they require hunting so the opening of the hunting season for squirrels in the woods yesterday did not detract any attention from the hunt for words in the Gazette, the leading newspaper in Bedford Co.

Last week the missing word for Contest Page No. 1, was member in Geo. T. Jacob's advertisement, the well-known shoe man and was omitted from between the words every

Vote for John S. Whetstone, the Farmer-Candidate for the State Legislature.

In Atlantic City, New Jersey, Neil Bonner, president of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Liquor Dealers, made this characteristic remark:

"I have been a Democrat since boy-hood and have always voted the straight Democratic ticket, but this year I will have to vote the straight Republican ticket. All the liquor interests throughout the State will vote the same way."

"We are fighting a great battle in Pennsylvania but fortunately we have good friends (that must mean Penrose and Brumbaugh) with us in high places."

"In Pennsylvania we are compelled to regard the Republican party as the party of our friends, because the Democratic organization has discarded us and struck a heavy blow at our prosperity and future by inserting a local option plant in its program."

"Our only hope, therefore, is to stand by the Republicans, who have stood by us. We know we have friends there."

What do the decent Republicans of Bedford County think of such a brazen statement? With Penrose as their exalted leader, Brumbaugh as their apathetic Governor, McClain as their chief beneficiary in presiding over the Senate, and Blackburn as a little potato to help Penrose elect his presiding officer of the House, the whole gang will have its own way again.

The liquor interests know whereof they speak and the whole thing is mapped out now. Editor Blackburn may say that he is opposed to the liquor traffic and says faintly that he will vote for a local option bill but he further says that he is for Penrose because Penrose was chosen at the primaries (by the liquor interests) and he is bound to stand by that decision, and, of course, that means that he will support the man Penrose names for Speaker of the House and that will kill any measure

for local option, prohibition or any other reform. The Speaker of the House is a mighty important factor in legislation. As well is the reading clerk. To vote for Blackburn, who asserts he must stick to Penrose, means anything but victory for the local optionists.

In order to eliminate the least possibility of doubt on the speedy passage of a law which will give the people a chance to decide for themselves concerning the sale and traffic of liquor, you should vote for John S. Whetstone for the Legislature and thus help to put an organization down there which will not play into the hands of the Mulvihill-Penrose bunch.

No matter what a man's personal views are, if he puts party fealty first, and Mr. Blackburn does, "party," right or wrong—but still—my party, there is no hope there. The thing to do is to kill the germ instead of fostering it until it develops a disease and then try to control the disease. Begin by killing Blackburn politically at the polls.

If Penrose names the nominee for Speaker, Blackburn will have to cast his vote for that man or a Democrat and he is now demonstrating to the public that he draws his party lines so closely that he will never do that, and, of course, he must follow Penrose for Speaker, which means a decided vote for liquor. Mark that.

Why rail against Penrose and vote for Blackburn? Blackburn does not drink as much whiskey as Penrose but the result politically is the same. The Republican party's friends are the liquor interests of this Commonwealth and for that matter of all commonwealths dominated by that party and the only way to obliterate your foe is to smash him from head to foot. Do that with the Republican ticket in November. Don't straddle nor quibble but put the "cleaner on the whole gang squad."

GANG RALLY

Job Holders, William Lauder, "Has Beens" and "Expect-to-Bees." Hyndman and Altoona Specials Brought Frosts to the Gang. Couldn't see the Crowd for the Band. Nothing promised by Brumbaugh as was expected.

The Aurora Borealis took place on last Monday night. The shining lights of Gang Republicanism were here in all the glare and fire and show and noise they could hire and pay for. The hundred dollar special train which arrived from Altoona brought eleven to the sight-seeing harangue. The hundred dollar special from Cumberland brought twenty-seven yelping Penrose leeches. The hundred dollar special from Saxton brought five hundreded which were met by twenty automobiles at the station, then the band began to whoop her up for Penrose and Boozie.

The twenty autos, carrying about a hundred people, paraded two Everett bands, one Saxton band, the Salemville band and the Wolfsburg band made a hundred more hired help. All in all, with the 500 on the Saxton special, 11 on the Altoona special, 20 from Clearville, 8 from Rainsburg, 15 from Charlottesville, 30 from Morrison's Cove and 25 from Schellsburg and 50 from Snake Spring, it would make up a thousand out of town people, and then when the music started and the hundred dollars' worth of skyrockets began to shoot, the women and children of Bedford turned out en masse, including the men of all parties making, say, 500 more. We make a conservative estimate of 2,000. Some one reported to the Philadelphia Record a crowd of 5,000. That few drank too strongly of tea for lunch that evening and it gave him triple vision. Taking out the women and children and about two hundred Democrats, which Everett does not have, and it would just about measure up to the crowd which heard Pinchot at Everett last Saturday, about 1,200.

Of course, if they have women and children registered as voters as they have in Jonestown, Fayette County, it will make 2,000 voters. But out of the crowd about 300 will vote for Brumbaugh and 500 will vote for Penrose or the straight Republican ticket. The audience was made up, so far as Republicans are concerned, of those who admire Penrose more than Brumbaugh. They either were office

holders, are now or expect to be, or those who expect some pecuniary benefit from a Penrose victory, "has-beens," "ares" or "expect-to-bees" and inn-keepers and their patrons.

One notable personage who sat in the front row on the platform was William Lauder of Riddlesburg, who stood shoulder to shoulder with Brumbaugh to pass the School Code which contains the present obnoxious vaccination law and which contains also the provision which permits the people to be taxed to the extent of 25 mills on the dollar, an outrageously high and extravagant rate, and when the school directors of his own township, Broad Top, soaked him for the first one, he hustled off to Bedford to tramp up an excuse to restrain them from collecting the 24 mills levied. He and Brumbaugh made the sword which thrust him in the side. It is rumored that if Brumbaugh gets elected Governor, Lauder will get appointed to some exalted position. Our prediction is that if that should be the case, the greatest extravagance known to Pennsylvania will be practiced, Bigelowism will be a small beginning.

This excessive privilege of taxation fostered by Brumbaugh and Lauder and put upon the people doesn't make them feel good and the people of Broad Top don't feel good over it. Of course, he, with his pettifoggery, tries to place the blame on the Socialists. This is only smearing over a wound, which won't heal, that it cannot be seen. When he was a director the township got in debt about \$20,000. That had to be paid. His method was to bond the district and pay around \$1,200 in interest. When the Socialists came into power they said we will pay off that debt, business like, and save that \$1,000 to \$1,200 yearly interest. Then Lauder yelled "ouch." That is how the Socialists are to blame.

Let Lauder be fair and honest. In the audience were about 100 sincere friends and admirers of Dr. Brumbaugh. These were mainly from Snake Spring, Everett and Morrison's Cove. Some will vote for him and some will not. Many expressed surprise that a good man like Dr. Brumbaugh would allow himself to be connected up with a character like

Penrose and it is a surprise to everybody. Jesse L. Hartman spoke on the tariff question. A great many left while he was talking and if the chairman had not choked him off the whole crowd would have been gone in fifteen minutes more. So he had a volume or two left to deliver at some other place. If he begins each time where he leaves off still he might get through by election day. If not he can read it over to his wife in the parlor and then stick it in the stove.

Then came Dr. Brumbaugh. He praised the people for their good looks, splendid county, splendid entertainment, etc. That's a vote catcher and Dr. Brumbaugh knows it. He said he wanted good roads and explained why the rural community needs good roads but did not mention the present system nor did he mention Bigelow's name and did not promise his removal. It must be agreed to leave Penrose or Vare or Oliver settle that question. He never stated his position on Penroseism. He didn't say whether he knew or not that the liquor interests have raised \$1,000,000 to put him in the Governor's chair. He did not advance one reform. He did not want any one to question his honesty nor sincerity and no one does. He promised the people nothing but generalities. He said he favored local option and we knew that. He always did and his church, which is the Brethren, is absolutely and strictly opposed to the liquor traffic. So is McCormick, which is the Presbyterian. That is not what the people are considering. They are considering why he allowed himself and his well known respectability, intelligence, sincerity and honesty be put up to boost a rotten boat long since gone to seed in corruption, disreputable character, dishonesty, insincerity, lack of intelligence and without respectability. They are thinking whether they ought to elevate Dr. Brumbaugh to the Governorship and with it put this corruption, dishonesty, irrespectability, insincerity on the throne with him for another six years or should they put Dr. Brumbaugh down and leave him drag down with him all this corruption. This corrupt and criminal gang cannot win without him. Dr. Brumbaugh can rise again by his manhood and his intelligence but to put back that criminal bunch of politicians means six more years of fighting. Now is the time to end it.

The people see the trick Penrose is playing and so does Dr. Brumbaugh. He is perfectly willing to have his good reputation put up to standardize a bad reputation.

There is but one reasonable way to assure local option, better roads, better schools, better churches, better social conditions, better hospitals, better sanitary conditions and better finance without any further fighting and that is to elect the Democratic ticket from top to bottom. Howard Blackburn must go down to defeat with the rest of them. The Republican party has put up the challenge and its orators are proclaiming it from the house-tops. No-Rum against Rum; Heaven against Hell, as "Billy" Sunday puts it. Democracy against Republicanism; decency against indecency.

A Surprise

A complete birthday surprise was given Miss L. D. Shuck Wednesday evening by members of the local W. C. T. U. and other friends. At 8:30 p. m. Miss Shuck was summoned to the home of Mrs. J. H. McCulloch, where full thirty guests were assembled. Upon entering the room, Miss Kiser, vice president of the local union, presented a united gift in form of a Walrus Traveling Bag and silk umbrella to the county president, who, for the first time, in turn, surprised the Union members by a speechless response due to the complete surprise of the birthday compliment.

An enjoyable social hour followed, including the usual refreshments served by the hostess after which an appropriate song suggestive of Christian unity was sung and "good-will" partings closed an evening of social delight.

Davidson-Willoughby

At noon on Wednesday at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Willoughby, Rev. G. W. Paus, pastor of the Methodist Church, united in marriage Miss Mary Louise Willoughby and Rev. Ellis Bell Davidson in the presence of a few guests. The bride wore a beautiful gown of white crepe de chine and carried bride's roses. The rooms were tastefully decorated, the color scheme being yellow and white, with autumn leaves. Miss Mame Wyhurst of Huntingdon, cousin of the bride, rendered Mendelssohn's wedding march.

Following the ceremony an elaborate luncheon was served and at 1:50 the couple left on a honeymoon trip to Washington, D. C., and Harrisburg, after which they will reside at Littlestown, Adams County, where Mr. Davidson is pastor of the Methodist charge.

The bride is a graduate of the Lucy Webb Hayes Training School in Washington, D. C., and last winter taught in Harrisburg. The groom is a son of the late Harry C. Davidson. He is a graduate of the Bedford High School and of the Williamsport Seminary.

Jacob Hall

Jacob Hall, a well known farmer and teamster, died at his home near Bedford, Saturday evening, October 2, of heart failure, aged 71 years. He is survived by his wife, five daughters and one son. Funeral service was conducted Tuesday morning of last week by Rev. G. W. Paus.

William H. Beckley

William H. Beckley died at his home near Pleasantville on Thursday, October 1, aged 70 years. Funeral services were held at the Beckley home Saturday morning, October 3, and interment was made in the cemetery at Pleasantville.

MENTIONED IN BRIEF

Town Talk and Neighborhood News—Tersely Told

MANY ITEMS OF INTEREST

Gleaned From Various Sources—Little Points Picked Up By Vigilant Reporters.

The report in circulation that Dr. Wilmot Ayres will locate in Pittsburgh is not correct.

A baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Clapper on East Penn Street on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cook Eicholtz are being congratulated on the birth of a daughter at their home at Avalon, N. J.

The Bedford High School Lyceum Course will begin on Wednesday, October 28. Full announcement will be given next week.

Mrs. G. W. Heitzel, who has been in ill health for some time, is now in the Medico-Chi Hospital, Philadelphia.

The large bank barn of George E. Morse at Piney Creek, with all its contents, was destroyed by fire last Thursday. The origin of the fire is unknown.

A meeting of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals will be held at the home of Miss J. Constance Tate, Monday evening, October 19, at 7:30 o'clock.

Nearly one thousand men and women at the Bedford County Fair signed a petition protesting against votes for women. And many women who refused to sign said they did not want to vote.

We have printed this week for the benefit of our readers a discussion on the new currency law which every one should read and re-read for the intelligence it conveys. It is long and requires thought but it is to the point and will be found on second and third pages of Section Two.

Those who will think it wise to come to the Lutheran Church, Bedford, on Sunday will enjoy the Communion of the Lord's Supper in the morning. In the evening, Bedford and the Need of a Revival, will be the theme of Rev. Wieland's sermon. Preparatory services Friday evening October 16, at 7:30 o'clock.

Marriage licenses were issued in Cumberland this week to Ralph Orville Teeter of Waterside and Anna Delphine Clouse of Maria, Roscoe Conkling Bowers of Baker's Summit and Mary Emma Feighard of New Enterprise; James Madison Bair of Saxton and Ada Blanche Fields of Cumberland, and Jacob Amos Miller and Rose Ann Nave of Cumberland Valley.

The crowd at the Republican mass meeting was second to the largest in the knowledge of the editor. The largest crowd which ever assembled in Bedford at a mass meeting was that other hired cohort who came to yell for Reynolds in his Congressional campaign. One week later he met with the most humiliating defeat that ever was administered to a candidate in Bedford County by losing his own ward, his own town and his own county, all of which were Republican by a large majority. So red fire doesn't determine the fate of a candidate. That depends on the boys back in the hills where no red fire is seen and no tin horns heard but where good, sound judgment is being formed by reading and weighing.

Fruit Growers' Meeting

The Bedford County Fruit Growers' Association will hold their eighth annual convention and fruit show in the Court House at Bedford, December 9 and 10. We have secured the services of Dr. H. A. Surface and F. H. Fassett and can possibly secure one or more instructors for this occasion. Now it is hoped that you will help make this the banner meeting.

Our apple crop is very good and there is no reason for this not being the greatest apple exhibit in Bedford County or in this part of the State. We hope every member will feel it his duty to be present and bring one or two of his neighbors along. Commence to make your preparations now to attend this convention.

A. C. Richards, W. F. Biddle, President, Secretary.

A Shadow of Penroseism

Bedford, Pa., April 17, 1914. Rev. L. P. Patch.

Dear Sir:—I have your letter of the 15th inst. inquiring as to my attitude on temperance legislation and especially the county local option bill.

For information of yourself and all others who may desire to know I would say, if elected, I should support the bill referred to or any other that would have an intelligent tendency toward the annihilation of the liquor traffic. I do not see, as many others do, any great advantage in local option except as it may become a step in the direction of state or national prohibition.

Respectfully yours, E. H. BLACKBURN.

The above is a very weak support of what the people want in favor of local option.

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Score One More For Wilson

Colorado, with all its State officers and militia, failed to control the coal strike in that State.

Pillage, rebellion and bloody butcheries of women and children disgraced the State. Capital defied organized labor with a resort to arms, and labor defended its contention in the same way.

The State appealed to the United States War Department and regular army soldiers prevented further bloodshed and held both sides in a sullen truce.

Finally the President, in his wonderfully wise way, proposed a plan of peace and work.

The plan provided that union and non-union men should go to work in the mines on equal terms, to work side by side. That none should be blacklisted and all future differences should be submitted for settlement to President Wilson.

All agreed to this plan proposed by the peace-maker of the world, and the beneficent noise of industry will soon resound through the mountains and valleys of Southern Colorado.

Wilson has earned the enviable title of the "President of Peace," and the "Friend of the People."—Cheyenne (Wyo.) State Leader.

Itinerary of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt on his Trip Through the State October 26, 27, 28 and part of 29.

A. Nevin Detrich, Chairman of the Washington party, today announced the itinerary for Colonel Roosevelt's swing around Pennsylvania the last week of the campaign. "Col. Roosevelt said Chairman Detrich," will give the final touch to the campaign which will forever eradicate Boies Penrose and his crew of political highbinders from control of Pennsylvania's politics. The Colonel will speak for the entire Washington party ticket, and will especially appeal to his friends and followers in Pennsylvania to support Gifford Pinchot for United States Senator, and Vance C. McCormick for Governor.

"Colonel Roosevelt's interest in the Pennsylvania campaign is very keen. He understands the Pennsylvania situation and is in most hearty sympathy with the movement which the Washington party represents. His appeal will particularly be to the four hundred and fifty thousand men who voted with him against Penrose in 1912, and who, with him, were robbed by Penrose in Chicago in 1912. Colonel Roosevelt will be accompanied on his trip throughout the State, by Gifford Pinchot, Washington party candidate for United States Senator; William F. Flian, Progressive National Committeeman; William Draper Lewis, and Fred E. Lewis, Washington party candidate for Secretary of Internal Affairs, and between stops on the trip will be joined by local candidates from all sections of the State, as well as Washington party committees.

"The Roosevelt train will enter Pennsylvania at Easton, on Monday morning, October 26; will stop at Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Lansford, Tamaqua and reach Pottsville for a noon meeting. That afternoon, Shenandoah, Mahanoy City, Ashland, Mt. Carmel, Shamokin, Sun-

The War Taxes

The administration is to be commended for its decision to impose stamp taxes, similar to those of Spanish War times, rather than a special tax on freight. The plans for taxation, as agreed to in the Democratic caucus, include a stamp tax on commercial and legal papers, and special taxes on banks, brokerages houses, theatres and other places of amusement—taxes which were applied during the Spanish War. There will be special taxes on tobacco manufacturers and dealers, and on domestic wines and beer. It is estimated that \$85,000,000 will be obtained from these various sources—\$35,000,000 from the stamp tax; \$5,800,000 from bankers and brokers; \$4,000,000 from tobacco, \$32,000,000 from beer, and \$8,000,000 from wines.

In reverting to the stamp tax of the Spanish War, the Democrats showed both wisdom and ability to follow the good example set by another party, for it was the Republican party which, in 1898, devised the stamp tax system which worked so well and was so productive of revenue. The value of a stamp tax is that it is direct. The fallacious theory which attracted supporters of the proposed tax on freight was that the cost would be distributed. Even so, but by this very distribution it would be multiplied many times, and the burdens thus much increased. A stamp tax ought also to produce results more quickly than a freight tax, and with less expense of collection. The Democratic members of Congress were divided on the question and for a time a break between Congress and the President seemed possible.

These special taxes will, of course, be imposed only as long as war conditions make them necessary. They should be regarded as burdens to be borne only until the ordinary revenue of the National Government is restored. It will be noticed that the burden of taxation rests on tobacco, wines and beer—a total of \$44,000,000. The remaining portion of the \$85,000,000 total will be divided among various sources. The stamp tax is the heaviest single item, but it will be more easily borne and more easily removed than a tax on freight. An agreement having been reached in Congress, these extraordinary taxes will probably soon be imposed.—Indianapolis News.

CONDUCTS HIS CAMPAIGN BY REMAINING ON JOB

Member from Nineteenth District Says Public Business Demands Attendance of Nation's Congressmen—Intends Staying in Washington as Long as He is Needed There.

Washington, August 7.—Representative Bailey of Johnstown has about given up hope of being able to do any campaigning for re-election. He is altogether pessimistic about adjournment, believing that the Senate will make no greater haste in disposing of President Wilson's anti-trust program than it did in adopting currency legislation last year.

"Of course it places me in a pretty bad fix," admitted the member from the Nineteenth today. "I am at a genuine disadvantage, for while the opposition is free to work and plan and possibly to misrepresent, traversing the district personally interviewing the people, my duties confine me here at the capitol. Yes, it would be easy to slip away for a day or two or a week, as some others have done or are doing. But that sort of thing doesn't exactly appeal to me. There is work to be done here and it is my business to do my share of it. Last year, when the house was marking time while the senate was dawdling over the tariff and currency, I felt free to spend some time at home. But the situation is vastly different now. The house is as busy as a beaver. It has a lot of important matters before it, and besides the trouble abroad has created a situation so grave in its possibilities that administration leaders have warned all members against the fault of absenteeism. Under all these circumstances, but chiefly because I feel that I ought to be here tending to the public business rather than back home looking after my personal political fortunes, my mind has been made up to let my personal political fortunes slide for the present.

"You may be right," he admitted the interviewer, "when you say at self preservation in politics is as much a law of nature as in other things, but are you sure that this law is being disregarded by me in sticking here on the job rather than shoving back into the district to do something? As well as I can make out, the people did not employ me to chase around the district in my own selfish interest. They employed me to sit here in the House to do according to my light on great small matters affecting their life and involving their pocket-books. If they vote against me merely because I am unable to whizz round over the district it would indicate an attitude of mind which would be somewhat surprising.

"To be perfectly frank," Mr. Bailey continued, "let it be said that it seems to me of more importance now that I should be here to work and vote for the fulfillment of democratic promises and the redemption of President Wilson's pledges than that I should be out beating up brush for support in November. I am willing to let November take care of itself. If the voters of the nineteenth think I have been making dead here at the capitol they will not fault me to suffer because I have seen to stick to my knitting. If I think I haven't made good, all campaigning I could possibly do would not save me. That seems to be the common sense view.

The whole thing," he went on, "seems to resolve itself into this: the people of the Nineteenth want back up the Wilson administration and do their part to ensure during the next two years a continuance of the splendid successes which have attended it thus far? If they do, will not send a man down here to Congress to fight President Wilson, to condemn his policies, to attack his program and to thwart his efforts to complete the work in hand. The whole issue in a nutshell record will show that from first to last I have stood loyally by the President, supporting him at all times, voting in every instance to aid his constructive efforts and to give his policies free swing, in all agencies rendering him such aid as in my humble power. There has been nothing servile in this. It has been no slavish devotion. The President has been followed joyously with genuine enthusiasm because by judgment he has held to a true course, has gone in the direction the people as a whole wished him to go, and has had in view a goal, the reaching of which would mark a new step in human progress.

Well, if the people of the Nineteenth are satisfied with the President, they approve his warfare on

the trusts, if they sympathize with his successful efforts to keep the country out of a cruel and bloody war, if they wish to fortify him against those who would hamstring him if they could and undo what he has done, then they will see the importance of doing their part in having a Congress here at Washington actuated by friendship and sympathy rather than by enmity and hostile sentiment. Unless I sadly misjudge the people of the Nineteenth, they will not turn me down merely because I am here at the post of duty and doing my very best to hold up the hands of President Wilson in his magnificent fight against plutocracy and privilege. It seems to me that they are too wise, too just and too discriminating to make themselves responsible for returning a man from the Nineteenth to the Sixty-fourth Congress who would spend the coming two years in doing his best to tie the President's hands and undo all the President has accomplished by the aid of a sympathetic Congress."

PENROSE'S LABOR RECORD

"In 1910 when Penrose was backing Tener for Governor his organization promised a Workmen's Compensation Act and other good labor legislation. Yet in 1911, after Tener's election, the Legislature, under Penrose domination, defeated a Child Labor bill designed to prevent the overworking of children between the ages of fourteen and sixteen.

"A Workmen's Compensation bill was defeated. The only thing which was done was to appoint a commission to investigate the subject and report a bill to the Legislature of 1913. When 1913 came, however, the bill which was prepared by the commission, was defeated at the closing days of the Legislature through the efforts of Senator Penrose's chief lieutenant, Senator Crow, the present Republican party State Chairman.

"The bill so defeated received, as it should receive, the enthusiastic support of every labor organization in the State. It also received the support of which I believe to be the great majority of employers, but the influence of a few special interests and large corporations with Penrose and his organization proved an obstacle that the advocates of the bill could not overcome.

"This same Legislature again defeated a Child Labor bill.

"Pennsylvania is more delinquent than any other great industrial State in the protection of its child workers. The bill which was defeated by the Penrose machine did no more than place Pennsylvania on a par with such States as Massachusetts, New York, Illinois and Ohio.

"In 1914 we see Penrose again, through his state organization, promising the labor men of the State the same things which he has defeated during the last two sessions of the Legislature at the instance of special privilege.

"This record of his organization in the State is analogous to his personal record in the Senate. For instance, the Congressional Record shows:

"January 13, 1912. In the United States Senate, Penrose refused to vote for the Children's Bureau bill, which was aimed to help children who work.

"May 6, 1912. Penrose in the United States Senate refused to vote for the Workmen's Compensation bill.

"May 31, 1912. Penrose in the United States Senate refused to vote for the eight-hour day for laborers employed by the Federal Government.

"August 13, 1912. Penrose in the United States Senate voted against allowing the postoffice employees to affiliate with the American Federation of Labor.

"March 2, 1913. Penrose refused to vote for a bill improving the working conditions of seamen. The steamship combine was against this bill.

"Compare this record with the fact that Penrose has always been on hand to vote for any large financial interest, such as the steamship combine or the railroad combine, when they really needed his vote, together with his special activity in behalf of the Standard Oil Company, and it will be seen how baseless is the assertion that he is a friend of the working man."

Steel to Australia

Pittsburgh, October 12.—The Carnegie Steel Company has closed the deal to provide 17,000 tons of steel rails to the government of Queensland, Australia, for use on the state railroads.

It's the man who really counts in farming. Fertile land is necessary, but a master mind must solve the problem of production and market-

WAR IN THE EAST!

PEACE IN THE WEST!

Thank God For Wilson!

The people of the United States are daily paying President Wilson just about the highest tribute which a people could pay a President in their quiet satisfaction, universally observable, that he is in charge of the nation's interests in these trying times. Men who fought the President on his tariff policy, his trust policy, his banking policy and even his Mexican policy are glad now that he is where he is. Men of all parties and all shades of political and economic opinion are Wilson men for the time being, because they have full confidence that he will keep us out of any entanglement in a needless, wicked and destructive war.

WE HEAR PROGRESSIVES SAY THAT THEY'RE MIGHTY GLAD ROOSEVELT ISN'T PRESIDENT NOW. REPUBLICANS TELL US THAT THEY'RE GLAD TAFT ISN'T IN THE WHITE HOUSE.

The idea is that Roosevelt would become unduly excited and feel it his duty to get us into so big a thing as a world war, and that Taft, in his good-natured way, would let things drift along until we became involved in some way or other. Whether these views are correct or not is a matter of no moment, but it is a wonderful testimonial to President Wilson that no man, Republican, Progressive or Democrat, seems to have the slightest fear that the war is going to cause this nation any unnecessary loss as long as he is in the White House.—Ohio State Journal (Rep.).

MCCORMICK'S LABOR PLATFORM

What Labor May Look Forward to When He Becomes Governor.

On Labor Day, at Kittanning, Vance C. McCormick, candidate for Governor, gave further evidence of his complete and intelligent sympathy with just demands of labor, in a speech setting forth exactly what he stood for in social and industrial legislation.

We reprint a part of that speech, containing a condensed platform of his labor planks:

"I personally am in favor of organized labor.

"I am in favor of the extension of the eight-hour day.

"I am opposed to the use of State police or militia under the control of employers during industrial disturbances.

"I am in favor of a workmen's compensation and employers' liability act, which will properly compensate the injured and care for the families of men who have lost their lives.

"I favor a child labor bill that will prevent children from working under the age of fourteen, and only with proper restrictions under the age of sixteen.

"I favor a most rigid regulation governing the employment and placing safeguards about the work of men in mines.

"I favor the appointment of a commission to investigate and study the wage question and all conditions of employment.

"I commend the action of President Wilson in appointing as the head of the new Labor Department a true representative of labor.

"I believe that our own State government is too much of an employers' government, and that in the various State Departments that have to do with the protection of life and the interests of laboring men, these men themselves should be directly and personally represented.

"I believe absolutely in the keeping of pledges.

"I am opposed to any organization, whether it be labor or political, that breaks faith or violates its contracts."

Is This a Chance for More Graft?

The State Highway Department of which the famous extravagant and political parasite of Boies Penrose, Edward Bigelow is mismanager, is now calling for early applications for 1915 auto licenses. We wonder if that isn't a scheme to raise funds for political purposes? It used to be the method when Quay was there but of course this set of Republicans are not so depraved as Quay's cohorts (?) Not near. Suppose we urged Democrats who own automobiles to withhold their license fees until December or January for fear there might be some trick in this. The gang is doing all it can to win back all the Progressive Republicans by handing them out jobs on the State Highway, which costs three times more for time keepers, et cetera, than for actual work on the roads.

A year or more ago when a person applied for a job on the State Road, if his politics wasn't known he was asked what political party he professed. If he was a Democrat or Progressive that ended his career on State Highway, except he could use it to travel back home. **KEEP YOUR LICENSE MONEY IN YOUR POCKET JUST NOW.**

Penna. Farmers Move Frequently

In compiling data for last Federal Census, the enumerators asked every farmer in Pennsylvania this question: "How long have you lived on the farm you now occupy?" The question was answered by 202,189 of the 219,295 farm operators in this State. More than 33,000 stated that they had occupied their farms only one year or less; 38,593 from two to four years, 36,548 from five to nine years and 93,428 ten years and over. The most restless class of people in this State is the tenant who operates his farm on the share basis. There are 28,993 of these farmers in this State, 27,507 of them made answer to the query and their replies indicated that 10,020, or about 27 per cent of them moved every year.

Praise of the President

In his speech in Kansas City, Kans., opening the State campaign for the Progressives, Henry J. Allen declared for the new rule in county and State affairs, defended President Wilson's administration in its Mexican and other policies, and declared that the new spirit in politics called for the elimination of politics from local and State offices.

"The only argument that is made for the amalgamation of the Progressive and Republican parties is that united we can whip the Democrats. That has been the aim of all our political activities as far back as I can remember. That is the reason we have so much slow progress in the development of government. Has it occurred to you that possibly the Democrats do not deserve to be whipped? If Woodrow Wilson carries out his program and succeeds in doing what everyone concedes that he is trying to do, possibly the American people will demand his re-election, and why shouldn't they? That is the new idea, the new spirit in politics.

"If he fails it will be because his party is merely the Democratic party and unable to catch the new spirit. Then his party should be defeated, just as the Republican party was defeated.

"Let us get the vision of the government, rather than the party.

"The people must first get possession of the Government and then administer it for the people who live under it and who pay the costs of the administration. We can neither reduce taxes nor promote the public welfare upon a platform of 'whipping the Democrats.'"—Kansas City Star (Prog.).

What Federal Reserve Act Means to America

This Great Democratic Law, Passed by the Sixty-Third Congress, Most Important Financial Legislation Ever Written.

Every intelligent, fair-minded American banker concedes that the existence of the Federal Reserve Act, with its assurance of an early rescue from the fetters of the National Bank Act, prevented a total collapse of credits in this country in the crisis of early August occasioned by the outbreak of the European war. Knowledge that the Federal Reserve Board, composed of men of the highest calibre, had been appointed and was rapidly organizing the new banking system effectually served to steady the shaking structure of business throughout the United States.

This "Act of Financial Deliverance," as it has been called, formed the foundation upon which other war emergency measures were successfully predicated. It not only gave confidence at the moment; it also gave guarantee of fiscal facilities both at home and abroad with which to take advantage of the opportunities offered by the war conditions to expand America's foreign trade. It proved a bulwark in an hour of need and an asset of incalculable future value.

Thus, in less than a year after the victorious end of the fight to secure this law, the country has ample cause to realize its obligation to President Wilson and the Democratic majorities of the House and Senate, who, with unflinching courage and unswerving purpose, made the fight. After working all the summer of 1913 upon the tariff, the President and Congress worked all the fall and well into the winter upon the Currency bill—and "put it over." That all-summer-and-fall labor is overshadowed now by another; but it should not therefore be forgotten.

What Does it Mean?

However, the question today is not so much whether the President and Congress worked long and well, but rather is: What came of it? What was accomplished for you and me? What does the Federal Reserve Act mean to the average citizen?

One of the best-equipped men to answer is the Hon. Carter Glass of Virginia, chairman of the House Committee on Banking and Currency, who shares the honors of the law's authorship with Senator Robert L. Owen of Oklahoma. Mr. Glass makes few speeches. In his twelve years in Congress he himself says, he has occupied the time of the House just six times. But when he does speak he says something.

Since he piloted the Currency law through its long, rough legislative passage, Mr. Glass has lapsed into silence again as a floor orator. But at this year's convention of the National Association of Credit Men he delivered a characteristic and illuminative address upon the Federal Reserve Act as a finished work. It is the best exposition of the law which has been made and is herewith reprinted, practically in full:

"For more than a quarter of a century it has been realized in this country that there were radical deficiencies in our banking and currency system, and for at least twenty years there have been repeated efforts made to correct these defects. We have been for that period of time the scoff and ridicule, not only of the practical banker but of the scientists and textbook writers of Europe. Our own bankers, who have given study to the question, have repeatedly pointed out to the Congress that we were operating under an antiquated and out-of-date banking and currency system, and that we had prosperity in America in spite of, rather than because of, our banking and currency system.

A Responsive System

"In the consideration of the system, we discovered two fundamental defects. One, and the first, was the rigidity and inelasticity of the national currency itself; and the other grievous defect was the fictitious nature of our bank reserve system.

"As you know, our national bank notes and greenbacks are based upon the nation's indebtedness; they are not at all responsive to the business requirements of the country. In brief, if the aggregate capital of the national banks of any given community be, say, five or ten millions of dollars, that represents, under the old system, the aggregate amount of aid that the national banks in the matter of currency could extend to a given community. If the sum of the national banking capital of this city of Rochester is twenty millions of dollars, that represents at all times, in slack season or in times of stress, the measure of the ability of the national banks of this community to respond to the currency requirements of Rochester, albeit those requirements may be two hundred millions of dollars rather than twenty millions of dollars.

"There is under the old system a certain amount of currency that may be issued and no greater amount may be issued. We have gone upon the supposition that we never needed any more currency than might be represented by the aggregate of the 2 per cent. United States bonds, and that we never need any less than that amount, although the fact is that frequently we need very much more and again frequently we need very much less. There could not be, under the system, the necessary expansion when there was demand for credit and currency, nor could there be the necessary contraction when there was no demand for credit and currency.

Business Requirements

"We may say, therefore, that our currency system has been absolutely inelastic and unresponsive to the business requirements of given communities. The fact is that it has been more responsive to the bond market than to the needs of business. I recall that in the panic of 1907, as it was subsequently testified before the Banking and Currency Committee of the House of Representatives, one bank in the city of Philadelphia with three millions of Government deposits and with one million dollars of capital had one one dollar of circulation out when the panic came, and did not issue one dollar of circulation during the panic. And why did it not? Because the state of the bond market was such that it could not do it. When the banks make more money by not issuing currency than they make out of business transactions by issuing currency, they simply do not issue the currency. So I say, the old system has been responsive to the bond market and not to the business requirements of the country.

"Now, then, we have sought in this Federal Reserve Act to remedy that system and within a period of twenty years to refund gradually the United States 2 per cent. bonds into 3 per cent. bonds, and thereafter base the national currency upon the soundest security that anybody can imagine—that is, the commercial assets of the business men of America. (Applause.)

"So that hereafter, instead of having a currency inelastic at all times, that never retires when the demand is lax, and that is difficult to bring out when the demand is urgent, we will have a currency absolutely responsive to the business requirements of the country, coming forth when it is needed, and retiring at the consummation of these business transactions. (Applause.)

Defects in Old Plan

"Then, again, as I have indicated, we found another radical defect in the artificial nature of our bank reserve system. You understand what a bank reserve is: For every hundred dollars that you deposit in a bank, under the law that bank is required, if a country bank, to keep 15 per cent. in its vaults, to meet your current daily demands for the transaction of your business. It may loan out the other \$85, but it must keep on hand, under the law, \$15 to respond to your requirements. But the difficulty is that the law went further and directed the country bank to deposit \$9.00 of that \$15 reserve with the banks of the reserve or central reserve city. If with the bank of a reserve city, it in turn might deposit 12 per cent. of the amount with the banks of the central reserve city. So that in reality, instead of having a reserve of 15 per cent. in your country bank, in the last analysis we had a reserve of about 4 1/2 per cent. Now, what was the result of that system? I need scarcely recite the result before men who have had to do with business. The result of it was that when trade was indifferent, when business was slack, when there was no demand for currency, the funds of all the country banks of the United States gradually found their way into the vaults of the great banks of New York City, there to be thrown into the maelstrom of stock speculation rather than being kept in the vaults of the local banks ready to respond to the business requirements of the local sections of the country. They were placed there at a nominal interest and had to be loaned out on call, and when that call came in an acute way, borrowers could not respond, and rates of interest would go by meters and bounds.

No More Panics

"The result of that system was that credit was impaired throughout the country and disaster and demoralization permeated every phase of our public life, bringing discord to the workman, bringing disaster and ruin to the manufacturer, the jobber, the retailer, and carrying

disaster and financial loss to every part of our country; from which we would thereafter very slowly recover. Now we have presented you with a system under which it is impossible ever to have another financial panic in the United States.

"The idea came to some of us that if in these financial disturbances and stresses the clearing houses of the great money centers, and, indeed, the clearing houses of the smallest communities throughout the United States, might, by cooperation and combination, issue their certificates of credit, answering in the place of national currency for the time, the establishment throughout the country of regional clearing houses or regional banks, combining clearing house with banking functions, might prevent panics, which would be better than the makeshift extra legal method then in use which but rescued the country from panics that should never have materialized. And upon this theory we have established twelve regional reserve banks in the country, we have provided that over a given period of three years the reserve funds of the country, which, under the old system, as I have indicated, have been finding their way to the great banks of New York City, to foster and encourage stock speculation, shall be gradually drawn back into the banks of the various sections of the country, there to be held as a sacred fund, to respond to the business demands of these various sections, rather than to be used in speculative purposes.

Importance of Country Banks

"ON THE 14TH DAY OF MARCH OF THIS CURRENT YEAR THE COUNTRY BANKS OF THE UNITED STATES HAD ON DEPOSIT WITH NEW YORK CITY ALONE \$836,000,000, WHEREAS THE COUNTRY BANKS WERE INDEBTED TO NEW YORK CITY ALONE ONLY TO THE EXTENT OF \$192,000,000. THERE IS A COMMON FALLACY ABROAD THAT THE BALANCE OF THE COUNTRY IS DEPENDENT UPON THE GREAT BANKS OF NEW YORK, WHEN THE FACTS SHOW THAT THE GREAT BANKS OF NEW YORK ARE DEPENDENT ON THE BALANCE OF THE COUNTRY. Now, the difficulty is that when the stress comes the great banks of New York do not find themselves in a condition to return the money to the balance of the country and a panic follows. Under this system we purpose to keep reserves at home; we purpose to keep money where it originates, where business creates it, so that when it is demanded, when it is needed, when it is required, it can help business and respond to business demands.

"For the period indicated we are to return to these twelve localities throughout the United States the reserve funds of the country banks. That is to say, a given amount, one-third, as I recall it, of the reserve is to be kept in the vaults of the local bank—a little less. Another third, or a little more than a third, is to be kept in the vaults of the regional reserve bank, and a little less than a third may be kept in the vaults of the regional reserve bank, or in the vaults of the local bank, at the option of the local bank. But all of the reserve funds are to be kept where they originate and where they belong, and where they may most readily respond to the business requirements of that section.

"The system does not interfere with the individual bank in the slightest degree, nor will it in any respect. It is simply an additional medium for business accommodation afforded the banking and currency system of the country. These banks are to be managed by boards of directors, consisting of nine men. Their stock is to be subscribed by the individual member banks in proportion of 6 per cent. of the total capital and surplus of each bank. The national banks are all required to subscribe to this stock in this proportion. The State banks and trust companies are permitted to subscribe to the stock of the regional bank in the same proportion.

Bank Control

"The member banks are permitted to elect six of these nine directors who are to manage and control the regional reserve bank. Three of the directors are supposed to represent peculiarly the banking interests and they, under the terms of the statute, may be bank officers or directors or employees of banks. Three of these directors are to be elected by the member banks and are supposed to represent the agricultural or commercial or industrial interests of the region, and they may not be officers, directors or employees of banks. The remaining three of the nine directors are to be appointed by a Federal Reserve Board at Washington, to which I will presently refer. These last three directors are supposed to represent the public at large, and they may not be officers, directors or employees of banks. Over the system and supervising it we have established a Federal Reserve Board, with headquarters at Washington, consisting of seven members, two of the

seven ex officio (the Secretary of the Treasury and the Comptroller of the Currency); five to be appointed by the President of the United States for terms of ten years, with salaries of \$12,000 per annum. This board is to supervise the entire system, but it has no banking function, except in the last analysis, at rare times. The banking function itself has been confined by the law to the regional reserve banks.

Banks of Banks

"These regional reserve banks do not transact business with individuals, for they are banks of banks. They have been provided to conduct the rediscount business of the individual banks of a given region. They furnish the rediscounts. And the board of directors and managers operate them just as the board of directors and managers of any national or State bank or trust company manage those institutions.

"The Federal Reserve Board at Washington issues the currency upon the application of the regional reserve bank it having first had application for rediscount from the member banks. So that the business originates, as now, with the member bank, which, if it finds that it needs funds or additional credit, simply indorses the commercial or agricultural or industrial paper in its portfolio of ninety days' maturity, sends it up to the board of directors of the regional reserve bank and asks for a discount. The board passes upon it, requests the agent of the Federal Reserve Board stationed at each one of these banks to issue currency, if currency is desired, and the board accordingly issues upon this paper.

"The earnings of these regional reserve banks are to be divided as follows: A 6 per cent. cumulative dividend to the stockholding banks, free of all taxation, national, State or municipal; 6 per cent. net cumulative dividend, which is a pretty good investment, after all. Then the regional reserve banks, having paid this cumulative dividend, are to acquire 40 per cent. surplus to enable them better to respond at all times readily to the business demands of the various communities. Having paid the cumulative dividend and acquired the surplus of earnings, any excess is to go to the United States Government for the purpose of strengthening its gold reserve, and having done that for the purpose of discharging its bonded indebtedness.

Dollar for Dollar Behind Greenbacks

"I PREDICT THAT IN A VERY FEW YEARS, UNDER THIS SYSTEM, YOUR NATIONAL GREENBACKS NOW OUTSTANDING TO THE AMOUNT OF \$348,000,000, WITH ONLY \$150,000,000 OF GOLD RESERVE, WILL HAVE BEHIND THEM GOLD DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR, AND THERE WILL BE NOT ONE SEMBLANCE OF FIATISM IN OUR NATIONAL CURRENCY.

"We have established as a part of the system what is known as a Federal Advisory Board, to consist of one member from each of the regional reserve banks, to be selected by the boards of directors of the regional reserve banks, to sit in Washington, if they please, and confer with, admonish, advise, threaten (as some people say), if you please, the Federal Reserve Board. This advisory board is to represent peculiarly the banking interests of the country and to give advice to the Federal Reserve Board.

Branch Banks Abroad

"WE HAVE SO ALTERED THE LAW THAT HEREAFTER NATIONAL BANKS WITH ONE MILLION DOLLARS OF CAPITAL MAY ESTABLISH BRANCHES ABROAD, IN ORDER THAT THEY MAY MORE READILY RESPOND TO OUR GROWING FOREIGN TRADE, FOSTER AND EXPAND IT. It appeared from the testimony adduced at Washington that London and Berlin and Paris collected every year hundreds of thousands, yes, millions of dollars, in exchange and collection charges on American goods that ought to have been collected by American banks established abroad. It appeared from the testimony that American business was harassed, hampered and circumscribed, because the business of the foreigner had ready access to the markets of South America, because it had reader banking facilities. AND UNDER THIS FEDERAL RESERVE ACT WE EXPECT TO ESTABLISH IN ALL OF THE SOUTH AMERICAN REPUBLICS, IN FACT IN ALL OF THE NATIONS ABROAD, AMERICAN BANKS TO TRANSACT BUSINESS FOR AMERICAN TRADESPEOPLE.

"Now I can better impress the Federal Reserve Act upon your minds, I think, by making some reference to the objections that were made, the difficulties encountered in the enactment of this legislation.

A Legislative Miracle

"LET ME SAY TO YOU, IT WAS A LEGISLATIVE MIRACLE. EVERYBODY PREDICTED TO ENACT SUCH LEGISLATION WAS IMPOSSIBLE BECAUSE IT NEVER HAD BEEN DONE, ALTHOUGH THIED TIME AND TIME AGAIN. Immediately after the panic of 1907 there

was held at Indianapolis a monetary congress composed of business men and bankers, professional men and scientists, who drafted a currency bill and sent it to Washington. It was introduced in the House of Representatives and found its familiar place in the archives of the Banking and Currency Committee, and there it is today. A little later we had what was known as the Walker Currency bill, introduced by a distinguished representative in Congress from the State of Massachusetts. It met a similar fate. A little later we had what was an advance in attempts at currency legislation, the Fowler bill, and Congress came near doing something with the Fowler bill; the debate upon it continued till a national election was near, and politicians at Washington think they know what to do under circumstances of that sort. The Speaker of the House of Representatives—Cannon of Illinois—thought he knew what to do under circumstances of that sort; he quietly put the Fowler bill to rest.

"In lieu of the Fowler bill, which would give some relief, there was enacted what is known as the Vreeland-Aldrich measure, which could not have given any relief. Those of all who had made any sort of study of the subject predicted in our brief speeches on the floor of the House of Representatives that never would there be one dollar of currency issued under the Vreeland-Aldrich law, because anybody who had given consideration to the matter should have had sense enough to know that it was too expensive—that no bank on the American continent would have ever dreamed of appealing for one dollar of that currency unless it was then prepared to fly the flag of distress at the masthead. If any of you will come down sightseeing, I will take you to the usher of the treasury Building, who will point out to you a lot of junk, five hundred millions of dollars of asset currency, issued under the Vreeland-Aldrich Act, not one single dollar of which has ever gotten from behind the grating bars.

A Great Library

"But in conjunction with that act Congress did a useful thing in the appointment of a Monetary Commission, which went abroad and assembled a library—the greatest library on banking currency, I venture to say, that was ever assembled since the world was created. I have seen the volumes, but I have not examined many of them. And I doubt if many of the members of the Banking and Currency Committee, in the construction of this Federal Reserve Act, had occasion to resort to them, though it is the greatest library on the subject that was ever assembled.

"Now as to the objections that were presented and the difficulties encountered in the enacting of the legislation which was finally secured. In the first place, it was contended that the boards of directors and managers of the regional reserve banks should be entirely selected by the banks; that the banks subscribed to the stock; that the individual banks owned the regional reserve banks, and that they consequently should select the board of directors and have them represent their peculiar interests altogether. It was especially contended that the Federal Reserve Board at Washington had no right to appoint three directors of the bank.

"The response to that was that under the law these regional reserve banks are made fiscal agents of the United States Government, and the Secretary of the Treasury is required to deposit the current funds of the United States in these regional reserve banks, there to be held for the accommodation of the business interests of the country; that we are no longer to pursue the foolish and unbusinesslike system of accumulating Federal funds in the Treasury at Washington and in the subtreasuries throughout the United States, thereby withdrawing funds to the extent of millions of dollars from active business transactions and keeping them in those treasuries and subtreasuries; that these funds are to be deposited with these regional reserve banks, which are fiscal agents of the United States Government, and the Government is to transact its business by checks on these banks just as business concerns transact their business of checking on banks. The whole answer was that the people of the United States, through their Government, would deposit in these banks from \$250,000,000 to \$325,000,000 a year, thereby making the people of the United States the largest depositors in these banks, and that, therefore, the people of the United States were entitled to representation upon the boards of directors of these banks.

Open Market Transactions

"It was then contended that we could not give these banks the right to engage in open market transactions. We do that to a limited extent under the severest restrictions, because that power with the regional reserve bank is analogous to the power frequently exercised by the Bank of England. When the individual banks decline to observe the

rate of discount the Bank of England goes out into the open market and engages in transactions which so affect the market rate of discount. We wanted the regional reserve bank to have power; when the individual banks are disposed to squeeze the business man and not observe the rate of interest that generally prevails, to go out in the market and so affect it with its transactions that the individual bank will be obliged to give business men accommodation at the current rate of discount.

No Bank Control

"It was then said that the banks should select the Federal Reserve Board. That was what was provided in the Aldrich scheme. Pretty soon this radical position was modified, and it was contended by the big banks of the country that the banks should select a majority of the board. Subsequently that position was modified, and the final contention was that the banks should select the minority membership, three of the seven, of the Federal Reserve Board. That seemed a pretty plausible plea, that the banks of the country were stockholders of this system; that they were to provide a major portion of the funds that would operate the system, and that they should have minority representation on this Federal Reserve Board. It appealed to me. It fooled me good. I recall that on the night of the day that the President of the United States said to me that he would not stand for banking representation on the Federal Reserve Board I did not sleep a wink. I was distressed in mind, and before I shed my pajamas on the following morning I sat down at my table in the Raleigh Hotel and wrote the President of the United States, I venture to say, the most vigorous protest he ever got upon any subject in all the days of his life. I protested to him that in my view his attitude was fundamentally unjust and politically inexpedient. And I thought so. I hope he has torn that note up. About three days thereafter there came to Washington a committee of the greatest bankers in the world. We were to go up to the White House and convince the President that he was totally wrong and impractical in his denial of representation on the Federal Reserve Board to banks.

Interview With the President

"I headed the procession, perfectly confident that we were going to win our case and put the President to confusion. But he heard those great bankers, heard them courteous and deferentially and amiably. And after they had finished he quietly turned to us and, with those jaws firmly set, said: 'GENTLEMEN, I CHALLENGE ANY ONE OF YOU TO NAME A GOVERNMENT INSTITUTION IN THIS COUNTRY OR A GOVERNMENT COMMISSION IN ANY CIVILIZED COUNTRY OF THE EARTH UPON WHICH PRIVATE INTERESTS HAVE REPRESENTATION.'

"There was a deep silence. These great bankers were dumb. They did not undertake to answer him, and I could not answer him, and from that day I was converted, and like Saul of Tarsus I have been going out ever since preaching the genuine doctrine of a Government board of supervision, rather than a banking board, to supervise the banks. How could I have been so foolish as to have ever thought anything else?

"YOU MIGHT AS WELL SAY THAT THE INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION, DEVISED BY THE GOVERNMENT TO SUPERVISE THE OPERATIONS OF THE GREAT RAILROADS OF THIS COUNTRY, SHOULD HAVE IN ITS MEMBERSHIP RAILROAD PRESIDENTS AND RAILROAD GENERAL MANAGERS AS TO SAY THAT THE FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD TO SUPERVISE THE BANKING BUSINESS SHOULD BE SELECTED IN ANY MEASURE BY THE BANKS THEMSELVES. I made that proposition on the floor of Congress.

"The men who had most to do with writing the Interstate Commission law said to me: 'Does the gentleman from Virginia pretend that the Interstate Commerce Commission has the same power over the railroads as this Federal Reserve Board will have over the banks?' I said: 'Yes; I contend that it has infinitely more power over the railroads than the Federal Reserve Board will have over the banks.'

Mobilization of Reserves

"Why, they said, you provide in your law that one regional reserve bank shall be compelled to rediscount for another regional reserve bank in time of emergency? I replied: 'Yes, we do, and that is the strength of the system.' What we are proposing to do is to decentralize the banking and currency system of this country in normal times but to consolidate and centralize it in times of stress, so that all the system may come to the help of the weakest part of the system—in other words, give mobilization of reserves, the thing we have talked about for twenty-five years, mobilization of the reserves.

Six Mile Run

October 8.—Work is some better in this section. The Finleyville mines are working considerably better than they had been.

Wade Figard has finished threshing. He reports his buckwheat crop a good one considering the dry season.

Wade H. Figard, wife and daughter of Round Knob visited at the home of Peter Meck last Sunday.

Peter Meck of Sherman's Valley is on the sick list.

Our new school house is about completed. It will be ready for occupancy in about a week.

Albert Figard is busy delivering coal and wood to the school houses in Broad Top Township.

Wade H. Figard has the largest apple crop in our vicinity. He has made 20 barrels of cider up to this time.

T. S. Figard is visiting his brother, Wade H. Figard, this week.

Elsie Chaney has returned to her place of employment.

Abraham Wright of our vicinity fell from an apple tree cutting his head.

George Mort has bought a new automobile, the first one in our vicinity.

Delbert Clark and Elmer Conner, who have been ill, are better.

The third of November is drawing near and do not forget to keep in mind Vance C. McCormick.

The whole Democratic ticket.—Ed.

Pleasantville

October 8.—Norman Beckley of Idaho has been visiting his parents the past week.

Miss Edith Blackburn of Fishertown visited her sister, Mrs. H. A. Shimer, on Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Ada Brown has returned home, after visiting relatives and friends in Johnstown.

Miss Edith Smith of Weyant is employed at the hotel at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Bender are visiting the former's parents at Pine Grove.

Russell Weyant visited relatives and friends in Altoona a few days last week.

Mrs. Joseph Manges and two children visited relatives in Everett on Saturday and Sunday.

Scott McCoy of Altoona is employed at Clark Barefoot's.

H. E. Walker of Pittsburgh visited his parents here recently.

Mrs. A. Mickel and daughter Margaret visited relatives in Altoona on Monday.

Homer Gaudig of Johnstown is the guest of his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Blaine Harbaugh and son of New Paris are visiting the former's mother at this place.

Miss Reba Rock visited friends in Johnstown a few days last week.

Miss Florence Weyant of this place and Harold Bender of Pine Grove were married at Cumberland on Wednesday. Upon their return home Wednesday evening, the calithumpian band of this place turned out and gave them a serenading.

Fishertown and Pleasantville ball teams crossed bats at this place on Saturday. The score was 15 to 3 in favor of our team.

The Methodist revival is still in progress. Jim.

ASTHMA AND HAY FEVER

A GUARANTEED TREATMENT

"I have arranged with John R. Dull so that every sufferer from Asthma, Hay Fever or Bronchial Asthma in Bedford can try my treatment entirely at my risk," Dr. Rudolph Schiffmann announces. He says: "Buy a 50-cent package of my Asthmador or Asthmador Cigarettes, try it, and if it does not afford you immediate relief, or if you do not find it the best remedy you have ever used, take it back to John R. Dull and he will return your money, cheerfully and without any question whatever. After seeing the grateful relief it has afforded in hundreds of cases, which had been considered incurable, and which had been given up in despair, I know what it will do. I am so sure that it will do the same with others that I am not afraid to guarantee it will relieve instantaneously. The druggists handling Asthmador will return your money if you say so. You are to be the sole judge and under this positive guarantee, absolutely no risk is run in buying Asthmador."

Persons living elsewhere will be supplied under the same guarantee by their local druggist or direct by Dr. R. Schiffmann, St. Paul, Minn. Advertisement.

11 Sept. 81.

Pennsylvania Farms

Pennsylvania has 219,295 farms; of this number 168,190 are operated by owners and managers and 51,105 by tenants.

Seventy-seven per cent. of the farms of this State are operated by owners and managers and 23 per cent. by tenants.

The farm home owners and managers of Pennsylvania cultivate 8,948,000 acres of land and the tenants till 3,725,000 acres in this State.

The value of the land and buildings of the tenant farms of this State is \$315,729,000; that of the home owners and managers is \$725,340,000.

The Gazette is the leader in circulation, advertising and job work

YOUR HAIR NEEDS PARISIAN SAGE

It Quickly Removes Dandruff, Stops Falling Hair and Scalp Itch.

If your hair is full of dandruff, thin, streaky, dull and never will do up to look pretty, you can almost immediately remove the cause making it beautiful, thick and fluffy by the use of Parisian Sage, one of the most helpful and invigorating hair and scalp tonics known.

Parisian Sage not only saves your hair but stimulates the hair roots and furnishes the nourishment needed to make it grow long, abundant and radiant with life. Just one application removes every trace of dandruff and stops scalp itch—your hair becomes soft and fluffy with an incomparable gloss, beauty and charm.

You cannot be disappointed with this hairless and delicately perfumed tonic for there is nothing so good for your hair. It is easily applied at home and costs but a trifle from F. W. Jordan, Jr., or any drug counter.—Adv. Oct. 16, 21.

REGISTRATION SHOWS DEMOCRATIC GAINS

State Chairman Rolan S. Morris of the Democratic party in a statement issued from State Headquarters, expresses decided encouragement over the complete returns of registration in the cities of the State.

"The more complete the registration returns, the more favorable appears the prospect of Democratic victory," said Chairman Morris. "Distinct Democratic gains are shown in practically every city from which returns have been received. This is particularly true of Republican cities."

"Harrisburg, the home of Vance C. McCormick, our candidate for Governor, came nobly to the front with the largest registration in its history, the Democratic enrollment exceeding the Wilson vote in practically every precinct. The large non-partisan enrollment there, together with Mr. McCormick's popularity with men of all parties, insures a splendid majority in the State Capital."

"Johnstown's Democratic enrollment was splendid, the divided Republican organization being totally unable to stem the tide of Democratic and independent sentiment. Easton, a Republican city, showed a decisive loss in Republican enrollment, with only slight losses for the Democrats."

"Williamsport, the Republican end of Lycoming County, whose normal majority is 400 Republican, shows an excess of Democratic registration over Republican of 150. Allentown, which is the Republican end of Lehigh County, and a normally Republican city, shows a Democratic excess of 800 in the registration books. Reading, which, though in a Democratic county, is inclined to be Republican, has a Democratic registration in excess of the Republican registration of 1,500. York, which is also the Republican end of York County, shows for the first time in years an excess Democratic registration over Republican of several hundred."

"In Pittsburgh where the total registration fell off nearly 25,000 from the 1913 figures, the Democratic registration shows an increase of 1,500 over 1913. Scranton, which is commonly Republican, shows a comparatively light registration, the Republican loss being more than twice as great as the Democratic loss over 1913, meaning a certain net gain for the Democrats over recent votes of at least 1,000. The same is true of Carbondale."

"Wilkes-Barre, a Republican city, shows a falling off in registration of 2,500, which is a definite gain to the Democrats there. The same is true of Hazleton, another Republican center, where there is a loss of 1,000."

"These two counties, Lackawanna and Luzerne, show every indication of repeating the dose administered to Penrose in the primaries when three other candidates, Dimmick, Palmer and Pinchot, each received a greater vote than Penrose."

"Bradford, McKean County, while showing a comparatively light registration in a Republican stronghold, registered a comparatively small loss to the Democrats as against the huge slump in the Republican vote. Erie rolled up a very large Democratic enrollment, with another large non-partisan enrollment, despite the strenuous efforts of the Republican organization to secure a Republican registration. Lancaster, the home city of the Republican candidate for Lieutenant Governor, and a Republican district, registered a net gain of several hundred."

"Not only in the smaller cities of the State, and in Pittsburgh, but also in Philadelphia, the registration figures are eminently satisfactory. A large registration in Philadelphia invariably means a heavy vote against the gangle, and this year's registration has been exceeded only by that in 1911 and 1909. In 1911 the reform forces won a sweeping victory, and in 1908 William Jennings Bryan polled 75,000 votes in Philadelphia. It is only necessary to add what is known to every political worker, that the anti-Republican registration, including Democratic, Washington and

non-partisan, is the largest in the history of the city, being close to 90,000. In the years of reform victory in Philadelphia, there has never been an indicated strength in the primary, or on the books, of more than 50,000. A further significant and gratifying feature of the Philadelphia situation is that the increases of registration over 1913 are in the independent strongholds of the city, where the anti-gang vote, which was apathetic last year, is evidently aroused this year and prepared to register its opposition to the Penrose machine."

"The desperate efforts of the organization to roll up a huge Republican enrollment in the cities to offset the large rural vote, which will be cast almost solidly against the machine ticket, have signally failed, and victory is in sight for the forces of decency and clean government. All that remains is for the independent voters in the cities, and especially in the rural districts, to go to the polls on election day."

Result of Frequent Change by Farmers

An official of Federal Census Bureau, in discussing the report recently issued by the government, dealing with the term of occupancy of farms in the United States, said:

"This frequency of moving from farm to farm, or instability of occupancy, very likely, forms one of the chief causes for the decline of rural prosperity, or is a hindrance to greater progress. Frequency of removal of farmers results in general shiftlessness; the roads and bridges are generally in a poor condition because the farmers' moving at frequent periods, are not particularly interested in their upkeep. Farm buildings of such farms are not usually kept in good repair, as the farmer who is about to move will leave the repairs for the next tenant to make. The same reasons will apply for lack of interest by the 'unstable' farmer in the schools, churches and general welfare of the community. They move frequently; they do not remain on a farm long enough to get the best results from it, consequently they are usually in a poor financial condition."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

Out of Danger

The peace treaties this country has entered into bind 980,000,000 people to peace, so far as the United States is concerned. This number includes most of the world's civilized population. So that, should a dispute arise between this nation and any other, the matter will be referred to a tribunal made up of delegates from other nations, and that tribunal shall have a year in which to examine and report. During that year the excitement is expected to cool and a solution be reached. As a general thing arguments do not decide an issue. This is attended to by events, and during a year many of these happen that reflect upon the issue. It is hoped that the rest of those 980,000,000 people will go into agreements of this kind. It will establish the world's peace.

In the present European tumult the treaty, so far as this country is concerned, will act like a charm. Should a question arise, we would wait a year before the slaughter began. In that time we could get cool, and become impressed by the horrors of war. So we can go on with our business and other earthly affairs feeling sure that no bloody war will intervene to obstruct or disperse our purposes. — Ohio State Journal (Rep.).

Good roads broaden our sympathy, lessen distance and increase our usefulness. Vote against Bigelow.

First Dose Ends Indigestion, Heartburn, or Gas on Stomach

The question as to how long you are going to continue a sufferer from indigestion, dyspepsia or out-of-order stomach is merely a matter of how soon you begin taking Tonoline Tabs. People with weak stomachs should take Tonoline Tablets occasionally, and there will be no more indigestion, no feeling like a lump of lead in the stomach, no heartburn, sour risings, gas on stomach, or belching of undigested food, headaches, dizziness or sick stomach; and besides, what you eat will not ferment and poison your breath with nauseous odors. All these symptoms resulting from a sour, out-of-order stomach and dyspepsia are generally relieved five minutes after taking Tonoline Tablets.

Go to your druggist and get a \$1 box of Tonoline Tablets and you will always go to the table with a hearty appetite, and what you eat will taste good, because your stomach and intestines will be clean and fresh, and you will know there are not going to be any more bad nights and miserable days for you. Tonoline Tabs freshen you and make you feel like life is worth living.

Tonoline Tablets cost \$1.00 for a 50 days' treatment. At druggists or mailed by American Proprietary Co., Boston, Mass.—Adv. 25 Sept. 41

GETTING BETTER AFTER SICKNESS

Nothing has ever equaled or compared with the medicinal fats in Scott's Emulsion to arrest the decline, invigorate the blood, strengthen the nervous system, aid the appetite and restore the courage of better health.

Scott's Emulsion is pure health-building food, without alcohol or opiate.

TRY IT

A Bulletin From the Hospital
The patient's temperature has become practically normal. He shows few signs of febrile excitement.

He has wholly recovered from the shock of the severe operation to which he was unwillingly, but unavoidably on his part, subjected about August 1.

He is taking all the nourishment he can get and showing an increasing interest in schemes for getting more.

His mental condition has greatly improved. He no longer talks about putting up the shutters of his warehouse or hanging crape on his door knob.

He is showing signs of impatience to get out and go to work again. He is, in fact, out part of the day and working hard on some new enterprises.

Translated into the language of the hospital bulletin, that is the present condition of that distinguished patient, American Business, as shown by the fact that 27,136 more of his freight cars were at work on September 15 than on September 1. His complete recovery, with some change in direction of activities, especially to the southward, may be confidently predicted.

A Thrilling Bank Robbery

Heil's Hole—in which we learn how Jim Lawson and his brave little wife foiled a pair of desperate Colorado bank robbers—is the initial article in the October Sports Afield. David and Goliath tells how a tenderfoot developed into a thoroughbred Westerner, without the usual bulldozing proclivities with which some Eastern people endow the plainsman; while The Old Time Shooting Match will fill the mind of the middle-aged sportsman with a flood of pleasant memories of triumphs at the traps. In Sunset Camps and Trails the author of Fifty Years of Woods Life describes his more recent hunting adventures, which is followed by a string of capital fishing articles from all parts of the country. There are good articles on prairie-chicken and duck shooting, on camping, trapping and house-boating, and sketches paying tribute to the intelligent hunting dog. Your newsdealer can supply you. If not, send 15 cents to Sports Afield, 542 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

School Report

Following is a report of the Pine Grove school, East St. Clair Township, for the first month of the present term:

Number in attendance, males 9, females 16, total 25; average attendance, males 8, females 16, total 24; per cent. of attendance, males 91, females 98, average 95. Honor Roll: Julia and Jennie Custer, Gladys and Fay Claar, Flora and Freda Knisely, Marie and Stella Mowry, Sarah and Mary Mock, Irene Vaughn, Carrie Sleighter, Florence Cook, Russell Claar, Benson Knisely and Dennis and Orlo Bender.

Lawrence Helsel, Teacher.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Imler

October 13.—Louisa Imler, who has been ill, is still in a critical condition.

George Graybill of Altoona is visiting his sister, Mrs. Adam Imler.

Park Roudabush was at Sprout playing ball on Saturday. He returned home on Sunday.

Miss Alma Roudabush of Altoona visited friends and relatives of this place Saturday.

A baby girl arrived at the home of John Crilly on Monday.

Quite a number of our people attended the Bedford County Fair last week.

Almost every one is busy picking apples and storing them away.

James Gordon expects to sell a lot of personal property on Saturday, October 17.

Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Imler were Cessna visitors last Saturday.

Successful farming and marketing are the basis of all human progress. Farming is successful only when the crops have been profitably marketed.

New Enterprise

October 13.—Dr. A. G. Dymond, Ira Cress, John Longenecker and D. B. Teeter made an auto trip to Philadelphia last week to see the beginning of the world's series of baseball games.

Miss Fern Brumbaugh of this place spent Sunday with her cousin, Miss Lena Rock, of Salemville.

Mrs. Jacob Stuckey, who recently underwent a critical operation in a Philadelphia hospital, is improving rapidly. She has left the hospital and is visiting her brother-in-law, P. H. Stuckey, who lives in Philadelphia.

The following persons visited at the home of G. E. Brumbaugh last Sunday: Lewis Walter and family, Elmer Snyder and family, Jason Brumbaugh and family, Mrs. Jonathan Snowberger, Leonard Burger and family and Misses Mary and Annie Guyer.

Six automobile parties from our town attended the political meeting held in Bedford Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. U. T. Stuckey of Roaring Spring spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. Irvin Zook, who has been ill for some time. She is improving.

Rev. John B. Miller of Curryville preached a missionary sermon in the Church of the Brethren last Sunday.

Calvin Imler of Salemville had an auto wreck in our town on Sunday. He was rounding a corner at too rapid a speed and his car skidded on some leaves. A hind wheel caught on a concrete block and tore every spoke out. No one was injured.

B. F. Streightiff, our blacksmith, has moved his family from Bedford into one of H. B. Hull's tenant houses east of town.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Buck, who were visiting a daughter in Pittsburgh, were called home last Saturday on account of the death of their grandson, Seth Buck Brumbaugh.

Seth Buck Brumbaugh, the eight-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. C. Leon Brumbaugh of Bedford, died at their home Friday evening, October 9, of scarlet fever, after an illness of less than a week. Saturday evening the body was brought to the home of Mrs. Brumbaugh's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Buck. Interment was made early Sunday morning in the cemetery near town, only a few friends and close relatives being present.

A short service conducted by Rev. C. E. Johnson, pastor of the First Brethren Church, and Elder D. T. Detwiler of the Church of the Brethren was held at the grave. The parents of the deceased child, who were former residents of this place, have the sympathy of the entire community in the loss of their bright little boy, who was an only son.

A household remedy in America for 25 years—Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil. For cuts, sprains, burns, scalds, bruises. 25c and 50c. At all drug stores.—Adv.

Steckman

October 13.—Quite a number of people from our community drove to the Fair in Bedford last Thursday.

George Morris and family were visiting at Wayne Thomas' on Sunday.

Noble Gible and Andrew Henry of Loysburg were in our community on Sunday.

Walter Robinett and daughter Sarah were visiting at Anthony Smith's on Sunday.

B. F. Koontz has made himself a spring wagon. On Sunday he had some of his neighbors out driving to test its strength.

Mrs. B. F. Koontz and daughter, Mrs. Oscar Swartzwelder, drove to Clearville on Monday.

John Price was a guest at the home of B. F. Koontz on Sunday.

IMPORTANT TO ALL WOMEN READERS OF THIS PAPER

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer a great deal with pain in the back, bearing-down feelings, headache and loss of ambition.

Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be despondent; it makes any one so.

But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

A good kidney medicine, possessing real healing and curative value, should be a blessing to thousands of nervous, over-worked women.

Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy will do for them. Every reader of this paper, who has not already tried it, by enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., may receive sample size bottle by Parcel Post. You can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at all drug stores.—Adv. 25 Sep 41

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE

In the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County.

Assigned Estate of Samuel R. Coy of Woodbury Borough, Bedford County, Pa., an insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel R. Coy of Woodbury Borough, Bedford County, Pa., has made a deed of voluntary assignment of all his property to the undersigned for the benefit of the creditors of said Samuel R. Coy. All persons having claims against said estate are notified to present them duly proven for payment and all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are required to make payment to

GEORGE R. IMLER, Assignee of Samuel R. Coy. Attest: for the benefit of creditors. E. M. PENNELL, Atty. 8 Oct 61.

Any skin itching is a temper tester. The more you scratch the worse it itches. Doan's Ointment is for piles, eczema—any skin itching. 50c at all drug stores.—Adv.

FOR SALE

MILL PROPERTY

Good location.
Large Warehouse.
60 barrels capacity
in 24 hours.

Best business proposition in county to quick buyer.

TATE & CESSNA

Real Estate Agents
Room 6, Ridenour Block
BEDFORD, PENNA.

PATENTS

D. SWIFT & CO.
PATENT LAWYERS,
303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

[Estate of Francis M. Amos, late of Bedford Borough, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.]
Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

SARAH M. AMOS, Executor,
155 N. Richard St., Bedford, Pa.
R. F. MADORE, Attorney. 25 Sept 61.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

[Assigned Estate of J. M. Thomas and wife of Broad Top Township.]
In the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County.

The undersigned assignee of J. M. Thomas and wife of Broad Top Township, Bedford County, Pa., for the benefit of the creditors of said J. M. Thomas will offer at public sale on **THURSDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1914,** at eleven o'clock a. m. of said day, on the premises in Broad Top Township, Bedford County, Pa., all that valuable tract of land to him assigned, adjoining lands of J. L. Figard, L. C. Thomas, Henry Miller and others, containing four acres, more or less, having thereon erected a good two-story frame dwelling and outbuildings. The land is in good state of cultivation and has an orchard of about two hundred choice fruit trees. Immediate possession will be given.

TERMS.—Ten per cent. of bid cash on day of sale and the balance cash on confirmation of sale on the first day of November Term of Court.

WATSON M. FIGARD,
Assignee of J. M. Thomas,
Attest: for the benefit of creditors.
E. M. PENNELL, Atty. 2 Oct. 31.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

[Estate of Frank H. Pensch, late of Bedford Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.]
Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Frank H. Pensch, late of Bedford Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Bedford County. All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment of such indebtedness and all persons having claims against said estate to present them properly proven to the undersigned for payment.

ALEXANDER H. PENSCH,
Administrator.
E. M. Pennell, Attorney. 25 Sept. 61.

MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

A special meeting of the stockholders of the First National Bank of Bedford, Pa., for the purpose of voting on the question of reducing the capital stock, will be held at the Banking House on Monday, November 2nd, 1914, between the hours of one and three p. m.

H. B. CESSNA,
2 Oct. 51. Cashier.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

[Estate of George Berkheimer, late of East St. Clair Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.]
Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

GEORGE W. OSTER, Executor,
JOHN N. MINNICH, Oesterberg, Pa.
Attorney. 2 Oct. 61.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE

[Estate of Josiah Imler, late of King Township, deceased.]
Having been appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County auditor to construe the will of said decedent and to make full and complete distribution of the balance now in the hands of H. B. Mason and W. H. Imler, executors of said decedent, I will meet all persons interested in said matters at the Library Room in the Court House in Bedford, on Monday, October 26, 1914, at 10 o'clock a. m. for the purposes of said appointment.

J. H. LONGENECKER,
FRANK R. COLVIN, Esq., Auditor.
Atty. for Executors. 8 Oct 31.

WINTER IS UPON US —AND— Fred S. Sammel & Co's Store

Is brimfull of indoor entertainment ready to be transferred to your home. Prepare now for those long evenings to be spent by the fireside, which cannot be complete without an Autopiano Player or a Victor Victrola. Remember we have ready for you the famous Autopiano Player—the one among all—that is chosen by Uncle Sam for his warships. All the late rolls, among them the new Hand Recorded rolls by Paderewski and all the great players. Or why not a Victrola with the world's great artists at your finger tips. Your home is not complete without it. We have them all sizes and with a thousand records to choose from. Come in, see and hear and convince yourself that you have already missed much and you cannot afford to be without a Victor.

The best Sewing Machine Proposition in the County.
All the late Sheet Music at ten cents.

FRED S. SAMMEL COMPANY
BEDFORD, PENNA.

Don't Be a Spendthrift YOUNG MAN BE A CONSISTENT SAVER

Say, young man, if you would take our advice and set \$5.00 a week aside for a period of ten years with our 3 per cent. added you would have close to \$3000.00 to your name. Keep your spare money in your pocket, and you will spend or lose it. Put it in an old tin box at home and some one may happen in, in your absence and steal it. Hide it in the bed-tick and fire will come along and consume it. We have started thousands on the road to success, let us start you. Parents owe it to their children to teach them to save. Everybody should open an account in the leading bank of Bedford, that institution is

First National Bank
BEDFORD, PENNA.

The Finger of FAULT

Is never pointed at a Suit of Clothes, or an Overcoat, a pair of Shoes, a Hat, that men buy here. Neither is it pointed at a Suit or Coat we sell to the ladies. We are proud of the kind of goods we sell, which we base our great success on. This is the home of the HART, SCHAFFNER and MARX CLOTHES for stylish dressers, and the home of the finest Suits and Coats any lady in Bedford County has ever worn.

This is the home of

THE WALK-OVER SHOE

It's without doubt the best Shoe made in this country today. The men and ladies will find most everything they need in ready-to-wear, up-to-date, highly tailored garments. Watch for our large display advertisements.

Everything new in fall and winter styles are here for your careful inspection. Come in and see our goods and learn our prices.

HAROLD S. SMITH CO.
Metropolitan Clothing and Shoe House
BEDFORD, PENNA.

GOODIES FOR YOUR TABLE

Everything that there is good to eat and fit to put on the family table you will find it here. We have not a great big store, but we can supply your every need. We are out of the high rent district and can save you money. Our fresh fruits and vegetables are all that can be desired. If you have given Bonner a small order try him the next time. You will find our flour, butter, eggs, cheese, canned goods, teas, coffees and spices the best that can be had.

J. F. BONNER, Grocer, 117 S. Richard St., Bedford

Mrs. Ella Gilchrist
Millinery and Fancy Goods
Bedford, Pa.

The Rexall Store

Is the place to buy your

STATIONERY

We have the finest line ever shown in Bedford, at the lowest prices. : : :

Call and let us show you.

JORDAN
The Rexall Druggist

CONTEST PAGE No.1

This Contest Prepared, Owned and Controlled by J. Fred Jones, McKeesport, Pa. Infringements will be prosecuted.

Educational Missing Word Contest Return Blank

THE MISSING WORD FOR FIFTH WEEK, OCT. 16, 1914.

Was found by Full Name

..... Town and R. F. D.

The word was and should appear in advertisement

between words and

Fill out this Coupon with answer. Cut out and return to The Gazette office not later than the following Thursday, at 5 p. m.

\$50.00 For the Missing Word Can You Find It \$50.00

CONDITIONS—In one of the advertisements on this page a word is missing. To be a winner you are to find this word, and the advertisement from which it is omitted and between what words it should be inserted. A new word will be omitted each Friday and may be omitted from the same advertisement more than once. The contest will continue for 13 weeks, to be run every Friday.

The person finding the greatest number of correct words will be given \$25.00. The second \$15.00, the third \$5.00, and five \$1.00 prizes will be awarded to the next five highest.

The missing word this week, in Contest No. 1, commences with R and ends with E.

All answers must be filed at The Gazette Office, Bedford, Pa., not later than the following Thursday, at 5 p. m.

Do You Know---



Why we sell so many set rings?

Here is the reason—it makes no difference if you knock the set out, crack it, or lose it the set is replaced FREE OF CHARGE.

Every ring is Solid Gold and we have a large assortment of Birth Stone Rings as low as \$2.00 each.

WHAT IS YOUR BIRTH STONE

January	Garnet	July	Ruby
February	Amethyst	August	Sardonyx or Moonstone
March	Blood Stone	September	Sapphire
April	Diamond	October	Opal
May	Emerald	November	Topaz
June	Pearl or Agate	December	Turquoise

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY OF RINGS

J. FLOYD MURDOCK

Jeweler Bedford, Pa. Optician

Buick

The Car that takes "low gear" hills on high gear speed.

If you wish to see a truly good looking, well constructed car, combined with power, comfort and simple control—come in and see our new 1915 BUICK models. All models are electrically lighted and started.

Prices range from \$900 to \$1,650

On exhibition at the

BEDFORD GARAGE
L. D. BLACKWELDER, Prop.

Bell Phone 74.

BEDFORD, PA.

DO YOU KNOW

That the human eye is one of the most important members of the human body? Do you know you cannot afford to neglect your eye a single day?

If your eyes get red—become tired, or if you get headache, or if you see objects in front of your vision when reading, that is nature's way of telling you to go to

JAMES E. CLEAVER

Jeweler and Optician Bedford, Pa.

who can fix you up at a small cost. Come in today.

IF YOU NEED

anything in Diamonds, Watches, Cut Glass, Trinkets of any kind or if your watch needs repairing take it to CLEAVER, The Honest Watchmaker. He'll fix it right.

REGAL For Men

QUEEN QUALITY For Women

If you are looking for the very best dress Shoe, Ladies and Gentlemen, don't fail to see the new fall and winter styles at

GEO. T. JACOB'S & BROTHER

Big Shoe emporium. We are showing the latest Fall and Winter lasts. The Shoes we sell give wear, comfort and must be right or we return your money. We can fit every member of the family, so bring in your feet.

A SQUARE DEAL 365 DAYS IN THE YEAR HERE

HAPPY INDEED

Is the smoker when he gets his cigars, stogies, pipes and tobaccos from

W. B. MOCK'S CIGAR STORE

It is a well known fact we keep more of a selection than any other store. We keep the largest line of pipes, selling from 25c to \$15.00. If you want the best smoking tobacco, cigarettes, snuff, cigar or cigarette holders see me.

CONTENTED

Is the man who carries an insurance policy with the MUTUAL LIFE, the oldest and best company in the world. It's the cheapest too. I am special and have written scores of men up in Bedford County. Come in and let me show you what a fine policy I can give you for a small amount.

W. B. MOCK
BEDFORD, PENNA.

Cook Stoves	\$20.00 to \$35.00
Ranges	28.00 to 85.00
Single Heaters	6.00 to 22.00
Double Heaters	12.00 to 35.00
Bed Room Suits	16.50 to 50.00
Dining Chairs	4.50 to 18.00
Rockers	1.50 to 22.50
Carpets, per yard25 to 1.25
Linoleum, per square yard50 to 1.25
Guns, Single and Double Barrel	5.00 to 40.00
Loaded Shells45 to .70
Hunting Coats	1.00 to 6.50

It will pay you to visit our store during Fair Week. Special prices on our entire line.

METZGER HARDWARE AND
House Furnishing Company
BEDFORD, PENNA.

Having the entire strength of the whole system at the command of this Federal Reserve Board, in time of distress, the whole system may help any part of it.

"When I spoke in New York City last November I said this power had been in the possession of one Federal official for the last fifty years; that the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States may tomorrow take every dollar of Federal deposits out of the banks of New York City and transfer them to the banks of San Francisco. There is nobody to question his right. He may take every dollar out of the banks of Boston tomorrow and transfer them to New Orleans, and there is nobody to question his right. 'Ah,' I said, 'more than that; in 1907 the Secretary of the Treasury, upon his sole discretion, took forty-three millions of dollars of the people's money out of the vault of the Treasury in Washington and put every dollar of them right down in Wall Street, and there was not a murmur from anyone. Now, what the Secretary of the Treasury has been doing for fifty years under the National Bank Act we propose that a board of seven men, of which the Secretary of the Treasury is only one, shall do under this Federal Reserve Act.' Then they said, 'You give the Federal Reserve Board the right to suspend all of the reserve requirements of the act for thirty days?' 'Yes, we do,' I replied, 'and that is a power that has belonged to the Comptroller of the Currency for fifty years.' Some of the big bankers did not know it. There is not a national bank in Rochester today that cannot tomorrow go below its reserve 50 per cent., or 75 per cent., or 95 per cent. And there is no power on earth that can compel it to restore this reserve except within thirty days, upon notice of the Comptroller of the Currency. And yet this is the power that we propose now to invest, not in one man, but in seven men, one of whom is the Comptroller of the Currency. They had not objected in fifty years to the Comptroller of the Currency alone, in his discretion, having that power; but when objecting to this bill they were objecting to seven men, of whom the Comptroller of the Currency is one, exercising the power. And there is not a single, solitary power with which we have vested the Federal Reserve Board that has not for fifty years been exercised by one, or two at most, of the Federal officials.

Distribution of Power

"Under the Vreeland-Aldrich Act what did we witness? Five hundred millions of dollars of emergency currency authorized to be issued. Upon what? Upon the discretion of a board of directors of a national reserve bank, supplemented by the discretion of a Federal Reserve Board of seven Presidential appointees? No, but to be issued upon the sole and solitary discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States. Not only that, but the security under that law provided for the issuance of that five hundred millions of dollars of emergency currency was to be examined and passed upon in the sole discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury. And yet the men who gulped that thing down whole, without a grimace, were there objecting to this bill of ours, which requires that the security for the issuance of currency shall be passed upon by banking men throughout the country, and only in the last analysis by a board appointed by the President of the United States.

"Then they said that the paper provided under this act was not in existence, paper of ninety days' maturity. Even bankers did not seem to comprehend that the maturity of the paper had nothing to do with its execution. The note might have been for six months or twelve months, or fifteen years; some day it would reach a point when it had only ninety days to run [laughter], and that objection was being sent out insidiously to the country banks all over the country by the big banks in the central reserve cities; and yet those same big banks, the last one of them and the little ones, too, had gulped down the Aldrich bill; yet the time of maturity in the Aldrich bill was twenty-eight days instead of ninety. There was, it would seem, plenty of the former paper, but there was no ninety-day paper. As a matter of fact, when a Western banker was testifying before the Senate Committee of Banking and Currency that the Western banks did not do business on ninety-day paper and that they had none of that paper in their portfolios, the Comptroller of the Currency that very day, it so happened, furnished me with an itemized statement that the banks of two Western central reserve cities, St. Louis and Chicago alone, had \$297,000,000 of ninety-day paper in their portfolios. [Laughter and applause.]

No Fiat Money

"Then they said that this money was fiat money, that these notes were fiat notes. When I spoke in New York to seven hundred bankers and business men I challenged them to

point to a single lexicographer in any language from Sanskrit up to our own American language to whom they might appeal to justify any such characterization of these notes. I asserted that they did not have a writer on a newspaper of New York who could risk his reputation by justifying this definition of these notes. Fiat! What is fiat money? Fiat money is paper money that depends for its value solely upon the taxing power and the good faith of the Government that issues it. That is fiat money.

"NOW, WHAT HAVE WE BEHIND THESE NOTES? IN THE FIRST PLACE, THERE IS PROVIDED A GOLD RESERVE OF 40 PER CENT.; THERE IS A SECONDARY RESERVE PROVIDED OF 100 PER CENT. OF SOUND, GILT-EDGED, NINETY-DAY BUSINESS PAPER; SECURITY OF \$1.40 FOR EVERY DOLLAR OF THESE NOTES THAT IS ISSUED. IN ADDITION TO THAT THEY ARE MADE THE FIRST AND PARAMOUNT LIEN UPON ALL THE ASSETS OF THE REGIONAL RESERVE BANKS; AND SUPERADDED TO THAT, THEY ARE INDORSED BY A NATION OF 95,000,000 OF FREE PEOPLE, WHOSE FAITH AND HONOR ARE PLIGHTED TO THE LIQUIDATION OF THESE NOTES.

"Fiat money? Why, there is not the shadow or semblance of fiatism about it. In fact, one of the greatest international bankers of the country came to Washington begging us to reduce the security behind these notes, because, as he said, it was too exacting. He was right; the big bankers were wrong and they knew they were wrong, because without the dotting of an 'i' or the crossing of a 't' in the note section of this bill they had to come into a system of fiat money. It is not that. As I have frequently said, I have nothing against the banks. All those in my town have got something against me I particularly have not anything against the great banks. But I tell you it goes hard with them to have to surrender all the reserve funds of this country upon which they have rattened for fifty years under the National Bank Act, sending it back where it originated, where it belongs, where it should stay, ready to respond to the business requirements of the country.

Expansion and Contraction

"They said that the bill involved a tremendous amount of inflation. Inflation? Curious things happen. In contrast with the intelligent, just and fair attitude of the representation of your organization who came to Washington in this matter was the continued carping and inconsistent criticism of the great banks of this country. Inflation? Why, on the day that one great Chicago banker, before the Senate committee, was earnestly testifying that the bill tremendously circumscribed and curtailed the commercial credits of the country one of his associate bankers in Chicago was just as earnestly telling a company of bankers in his home city that the measure, if passed, would tremendously inflate the commercial credits of the country. But how could it do both at the same time? As a matter of fact, it would do neither. It will expand the currency when business activities demand that the currency shall be expanded and will contract it when business is lax and you have no need for it. And that is what any scientific currency law ought to do. If this does not happen, the law will not meet the currency requirements of its framers. There is no element of inflation in it. If there is any one thing that I do not believe in, it is inflation, and every effort and every precaution was exercised to guard the measure against being an inflation measure. The same business sense and bank instinct of the individual bank is demanded now as before; the board of directors and managers of your bank must first, under this bill, as now, pass upon your request for credit. Having done that to the extent of showing enough confidence in you to indorse your paper for rediscount, your paper is sent up to the directors of the regional reserve bank, and there again is exercised sane and presumptively conservative and sensible scrutiny, inspection and consideration; and if the directors of the regional reserve bank think it is a worthy discount, they will authorize discount to be made; then your paper goes up, in the last analysis, to the scrutiny of the agent of the Federal Reserve Board, and again to the Federal Reserve Board itself, before one dollar of currency may be issued on it.

Where is the Inflation?

"There is one other provision of the bill of great importance, in my estimation the most important of the bill, after we have provided for an elastic currency and after we have corrected the fictitious nature of the reserve system, and that is that provision of the bill which provides that exchanges shall be free, that collections shall be at actual cost. That means the saving of millions and hundreds of millions of dollars in

Republican Insincerity Unmasked in the House

Sherley, of Kentucky, Riddles Arguments
Against the Emergency Revenue Bill--
Administration's Course Required
"Courage and Statesmanship of
the Highest Order."

In a speech upon the war tax bill last week, Representative Swager Sherley of Kentucky dealt a crushing blow to the Republican argument that additional taxes need not be levied if the Government funds now deposited in national banks were withdrawn and used for the current expenses of the Treasury. On this point he said:

"Members rail at the Democratic administration because it has deposited \$75,000,000 with the national banks. Now, the only difference between the Democratic party's action in that regard and the Republican party's action in the past has been that you deposited money free of any interest and we have deposited money and asked 2 per cent. interest on it.

"Now, the fact is this, also known of and admitted by all thinking men who are not talking simply for the sake of party advantage: We have lived under a currency system that has been the worst currency system of any civilized nation on the globe. Under it your discount rate upon speculative loans was always less than it was upon commercial loans, because there was no medium whereby you could rediscount commercial paper, and, therefore, the New York banks having reserves deposited with them by the interior banks had to loan money upon such character of collateral as would enable them in ordinary times to immediately get it back when money was called for by the interior banks that had loaned to them; and hence loans were made upon stock and bond collateral, a collateral that is readily convertible in ordinary times, but which in times of great distress becomes the most difficult and in many ways the worst collateral that a bank could have. Here were the banks of America with a great mass of this collateral. Here were more than a thousand millions of dollars of American securities owned abroad, every government in Europe wanting gold, and gold only, to finance the war, and every one of the peoples of those countries struck by the blighting effect of this war, with the need to immediately use every possible resource for cash. The necessary result was the instant offering to America of vast quantities of these American securities held abroad, with a consequent destruction of their market value. If the banks had not been in a position, or had refused to protect in some degree those offerings, they would have destroyed much of their own collateral, their own securities would have dwindled, credits would have vanished, many would have faced bankruptcy, although in point of fact more than solvent, amply able ordinarily to take care of all demands.

"If the Government with that situation had let the country understand that it was going to add to the burdens of the banks instead of taking from the burdens of the banks as far as they could, you would have had a panic in this country, and then the very men who are here railing against us because we do not go to the banks now and draw out this money, would have been loudest in their statement that it was a refusal of the Government to help business and financial institutions that had forced the panic on us.

"I say to you that it takes courage and statesmanship of the highest order to face disagreeable tasks, to face them knowing that criticisms will be made, which, to the casual thinker, will carry weight, and to do it without regard to political fortunes, because it is in the true interests of your country. I do not believe there is a man within the sound of my voice, acquainted with real financial transactions, with world currents, but that in his heart of hearts approves of the action that the Government has taken in strengthening the banks throughout the country at this time instead of undertaking to weaken them."—Speech of Representative Swager Sherley of Kentucky, in the House of Representatives, September 25.

constructive interests that never should have been charged to the business men of this country. Oh, they know it! I mean the bankers do. Because they fought it at every step. I had to fight for it and won by an eyelash. Why should they charge you constructive interest? Why should they charge you for the fictitious transfer of funds from one part of the country to another part of the country when the only transfer that it made is like the point of a pin on a ledger? Why should not exchange on an original reserve bank of Minneapolis, or of Dallas, or of Atlanta, or of San Francisco, be at par with exchange in New York City or Chicago or anywhere else? And under this system you can have your collections made at actual cost, and you shall have your exchange free. Draw your check on your individual bank, member bank; let it give you a check on your regional reserve bank, and your check is good on any foot of American soil, or anywhere in the world.

Great Constructive Work

"In all my life I have never seen manifested such patience as was exercised on that occasion by Woodrow Wilson. The proverbial Andrew Jackson never exercised on any occasion such indomitable will power and courage as Woodrow Wilson exercised in giving us this currency legislation. SO PURPOSEFUL WAS THE MAN, SO PASSIONATE WAS HE FOR THE SERVICE OF HIS COUNTRYMEN, THAT HE LISTENED TO NO ADVICE, HEEDED NO THREAT, BUT PURSUED THE EVEN TENOR OF HIS WAY. TIME AFTER TIME DELEGATIONS OF CONGRESSMEN WOULD GO TO THE WHITE HOUSE, AS THEY ARE DOING TODAY, TO IMPRESS UPON HIM THAT THEY WANTED TO GET HOME; THAT THEY WERE WORKED TO DEATH. I HAVE BEEN THERE FOURTEEN YEARS. IF I HAD NOT HAD A LARGE PART IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS

MCCORMICK'S LABOR RECORD

McCormick's Labor Record in a Nutshell

He is an employer.
His is a union shop.
He pays more than the union scale.
He helped to draft the workmen's compensation bill.

He supported woman and child labor bills.

He gives labor a square deal in all its struggles.

He exposed trickery by which labor bills were emasculated and defeated.

For years he was Vice President of the Pennsylvania Child Labor Association.

His record as an employer is approved by labor organizations.

His position is satisfactory to the Pennsylvania Federation of Labor.

Nail Those Campaign Lies

Desperate efforts on the part of the Penrose organization to overcome the strength of Vance C. McCormick with the workers of the State have signally failed. The facts of his long record of service to the workers of the State, both through his influence in politics, and as newspaper publisher and employer, have become too well known to be overcome by falsehoods and slanders.

This is especially true, since it is apparent that the effort to discredit him emanates from the Penrose machine, whose record is one of consistent treachery. Labor has been betrayed every time it believed in the platform promises of that party, and that betrayal is known to the men who have suffered by it.

The logical man for the office of Governor from the standpoint of labor, is Vance C. McCormick. He is a loved and trusted employer, a defender of labor, a friend of the workingman, and as such has won the respect and approbation of the labor leaders and labor organizations. This has not been given to him indirectly or ambiguously and for political effect, but directly and voluntarily, as a tribute to a man who places square dealing above politics, and honesty of act and thought above public office.

Mr. McCormick is the owner of the Harrisburg Patriot which employs in its mechanical department only union men. His fortunate workers get more than the union scale of wages. Moreover, he is a kind and considerate employer. The Patriot is the paper to which labor always looks for sympathy in its struggles for betterment and for fair treatment in the publication of all news concerning its relations with capital. All this reflects the personality of Mr. McCormick himself. For years the Patriot has fought the battles of workers, especially during the sessions of the Legislature, and has advocated the enactment of labor legislation. During the last session it was foremost in exposing the treachery by which the child labor bills and the workmen's compensation bill were emasculated or destroyed in the Senate. In consequence the Patriot and Mr. McCormick are disliked by the gangsters, but labor loves them for the enemies they have made.

The hatred of the gangsters was manifested in an attack upon Mr. McCormick the day after the Patriot exposed the chicanery of the Penrose Senators who refused to report out of committee Representative Lenker's mine dockage bill, which would have ended unfair methods used in paying miners. It was mendaciously said of him that he was an enemy of labor and opposed to a fair wage for workers. Senator Beidleman was the accuser, as he was responsible for the committee's failure to report the bill, and the accusation took the shape of a vituperative attack on Mr. McCormick. Charges which the Penrose Senator made then have been repeated since.

The story aroused the indignation of Federal Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson. (By the way, did anyone ever hear of a labor leader in the cabinet of a Republican executive?) Secretary Wilson said of it:

"If it were true that Mr. McCormick believed that \$1.20 per day was enough for a laborer, of course I could not give him my support as a candidate for Governor. I have taken the pains to look into this and a number of other allegations emanating from the same source, and have satisfied myself that they are without foundation in fact, and have been circulated solely for political purposes."

It was said by the opposition that the Patriot was a non-union shop, and the statement was denied by the typographical union without solicitation by Mr. McCormick or anybody representing him. Mr. William Corless of Scranton, who is district organizer of the International Typographical Union, made this public statement:

"The Harrisburg Patriot, owned by Mr. McCormick, is an absolutely union shop, conducted along the strictest lines of unionism and in full compliance with a verbal contract between Mr. McCormick and the officers of the international organization. The International Typographical Union recognizes a verbal contract,

just as it does a written one. Every requirement of the I. T. U. is complied with to the very letter in the office of the Harrisburg Patriot. The union scale is paid, and in a number of instances there is a higher wage paid than is called for by the scale. Also every man in the shop is a union man, none but union men being employed. I can state positively from my own connection with conferences between representatives of the union that he is absolutely fair to union labor and that the verbal contract with him is just as faithfully complied with as any written contract of any newspaper publishing company in my district."

The Scranton union adopted resolutions declaring that the charge was "absolutely false and without the slightest foundation," and that it was "unfair both to union labor and the employers of union labor" and protested against it.

At the convention of the Eastern District Typographical Union, attended by representatives of the sixteen counties composing the district, these resolutions were adopted:

"Whereas, statements to the effect that the Harrisburg Patriot is a non-union establishment have been circulated throughout the State; therefore be it

"Resolved, That the Eastern Pennsylvania Typographical Union, in convention assembled, hereby declares these statements to be absolutely false and without the slightest foundation, as the Harrisburg Patriot employs none but members of the Harrisburg Typographical Union, No. 14, in its composing room; and be it further

"Resolved, That the Eastern Pennsylvania District Typographical Union hereby protests against these statements as being unfair to both union labor and the employers of union labor."

Thus Secretary Wilson, other labor leaders and the unions nailed two campaign lies.

In addition to this, and in response to inquiries by the State Federation of Labor, Mr. McCormick placed himself squarely in line with all the just demands of the Federation, and his candidacy was declared to be satisfactory to it.

If anything more were needed to make Mr. McCormick's labor record clear to the voters it may be said in conclusion that he assisted in drawing up the workmen's compensation bill which the Penrose men killed in the last session of the Legislature, and that he has been Vice President of the Pennsylvania Child Labor Association, which is endeavoring, against Penrose opposition, to end child labor slavery in Pennsylvania.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Philadelphia Record

About three-quarters of the newspapers of the country seem to be laboring under the impression of late that there is little of consequence going on anywhere in the world but the European war. A notable exception is The Philadelphia Record, whose editors preserve a just sense of proportion in the presentation of the news, as usual. The war is getting all the attention it deserves in The Record in the shape of full and satisfying accounts from all the foreign sources; but it is not allowed to overshadow reports of other events, at home and abroad, in which well-balanced newspaper readers are interested.

Freedom from sensationalism has served The Philadelphia Record well in this war situation. It has not been obliged to overtax its ingenuity (as have some other newspapers, which had exhausted their typographical resources in giving startling prominence to unimportant matters in times of peace) to "play up" the war news. That school of journalism which spreads a head in inch-high type across the page to chronicle an automobile accident or a dog-fight is hard put to it to find type and space big enough for the news of a battle on the outcome of which may hang the destinies of half a dozen nations. The Record isn't in that school. It continues to fill the space given over by some of its contemporaries to spread eagleheads with what the readers want and pay for—accurate and comprehensive news.

Record popularity is perhaps accounted for by Record versatility. The Philadelphia Record covers every phase of human activity in its varied departments, and stands in the good graces of every member of the family. It is fair, clean, reliable, bright and entertaining. It is a level-headed all-around NEWS paper for intelligent people who want trustworthy news of all happenings worth reading about, served in attractive form.

"I have been somewhat costive, but Doan's Regulets give just the results I desire. They act mildly and regulate the bowels perfectly."—George B. Krause, Altoona, Pa.—Adv.

The problems of farming are as serious as the multiplication of

ANTI-SALOON LEADER LASHES BRUMBAUGH SLUR AT RUM FOES

Moore Refutes "Rump" Convention Charge by Nominee—Local Option Opposition is Making Republican Gubernatorial Nominee Anxious.

An exchange of letters between Dr. Martin G. Brumbaugh, Republican candidate for Governor, and the Rev. Dr. E. J. Moore, Superintendent of the Pennsylvania Anti-Saloon League, throws light on the rum-backed candidacy of Doctor Brumbaugh.

In his letter, Doctor Brumbaugh referred to a meeting of temperance workers at Harrisburg recently as a "rump" convention, called by unattached individuals, to confuse the electors of this State. The convention endorsed Gifford Pinchot for United States Senator, and Vance C. McCormick for Governor.

Moore expresses surprise that Doctor Brumbaugh should so characterize a gathering of Christian men, coming from more than fifty counties of the State and representing the temperance organizations of these counties. He pointedly reminds the candidate, however, that the "unattached individuals" are "unattached" to the Penrose-McClain rum machine, but that they are "attached" to the Christian denominations of Pennsylvania.

Letter of Doctor Brumbaugh

Following is Doctor Brumbaugh's communication:

"My Dear Doctor Moore: May I again direct your attention to my communication of March 26, in which I made to you a most specific declaration favorable to local option, and a pledge to use every honorable means at my command to secure local option legislation at the next session of the assembly.

"With or without your knowledge, with or without your consent, certain agencies hostile to my candidacy have used and are now using the name of the Anti-Saloon League in a deliberate effort to misrepresent me and my attitude in the matter of local option legislation.

"I understand you are a stranger in our State, having recently come here from Missouri. I fear you have been wholly misled by self-seeking, if not wholly unscrupulous politicians, using the Anti-Saloon League as a shield.

"You can have no possible excuse for misrepresenting me; you can have no just motive for misrepresenting me, and certainly none for permitting your league to be used as a nominal backing for 'rump' conventions, called by unattached individuals to confuse the electors of this State.

"I am advised, and the blue book of your organization confirms the statement, it is the policy of your league to remain entirely neutral when both candidates for an office are equally friendly to the temperance cause.

"You have known both personally and officially for months precisely where I stand in the matter of temperance legislation. You cannot have even the slightest excuse for attacking my record of service for the cause of temperance, or for assuming I would make a pledge without a most definite determination to keep it.

"It is not believable that the Pennsylvania Anti-Saloon League, directly or through its officers, would lend itself to any plan to disseminate misleading information. I have never broken a pledge nor failed to keep my word. What is your secret purpose in misrepresenting me with the people with whom I have had a life-long association, and who know that I keep my word?

"As a stranger here, it was possible for you to err in this matter. You can have no excuse for continuing in your error.

"As practically every denomination and the churches of those denominations have been unwittingly dragged by you into this continued misrepresentation, they must resent your action when the truth is known.

"I ask you, in a spirit of fairness to the people of Pennsylvania, as well as to myself, to prevent the use of the name of the Pennsylvania Anti-Saloon League and the names of its officers in any further efforts to misrepresent me on this important subject.

"As a solemn duty to right and justice and in the name of decency and fair play, I ask you to advise me of your decision on or before October 7.

"Assuming that you will proceed at once to extricate the Anti-Saloon League and yourself from the embarrassing position which it has been plunged into by unthinking, uninformed or unscrupulous agencies, I have the honor to be,

"Sincerely yours,

"M. G. Brumbaugh"

Doctor Moore Makes Strong Reply to This Doctor Moore replied as follows:

"My Dear Doctor Brumbaugh: I am in receipt of your letter of October 5, in which you give me until October 7 to explain why the Anti-Saloon League is not endorsing you."

candidacy for Governor on the Penrose-McClain, whisky-dominated ticket.

"You call attention to the fact that I am a stranger in Pennsylvania, having come to this State from Missouri. This is a personal matter which, I think, doesn't enter into the issue, but I admit that a year ago last May I came back to Pennsylvania from Missouri, where I spent five years in the city of St. Louis, and I assure you I was glad to get back to the State of my earlier manhood, and am confident that during these years I have not entirely forgotten the history nor become unacquainted with the situation in Pennsylvania.

"Your intimation that I, personally, or the Anti-Saloon League as an organization, has been misled in the present political campaign, is without foundation and simply proves that some one is advising you in such a way that you have been misled. I can, of course, readily account for this, inasmuch as you are so busy in your own personal campaign, going up and down the State, and must, of necessity, depend upon the representations of some one 'left behind,' and these some ones, evidently, are unacquainted with the Anti-Saloon League's methods or policies. It is, therefore, easily seen why you get the representations you do.

"No hostile agency has in any way used, and, so far as I know, attempted to use the Anti-Saloon League against your candidacy.

"I am a good deal surprised that you should speak of a gathering of Christian men, coming from over fifty counties of this State, representing the temperance organizations of these counties, as a 'rump' convention called by unattached individuals. The aforesaid 'unattached individuals,' it is true, were 'unattached' to the Penrose-McClain rum machine of Pennsylvania, but they are attached to the Christian denominations of this State.

"They were sent to this convention officially by local temperance organizations of their counties. One or two delegates, I understand, personally asked for credentials to go to this 'rump' convention and were given them, and it was found when these 'unattached' delegates reached Harrisburg, they were attached to the Penrose gang and laboriously labored in its behalf. Not a single delegate at that convention was 'unattached' to the Christian Church, nor was a single one, save these two, attached to the Penrose machine, so far as I know.

"A 'rump' convention of this kind of 'unattached' Christian men from the Keystone commonwealth, representing the Christian citizenship of over three-fourths of her counties, represents a type of citizenship that I feel sure you, as a candidate for the governorship of this State, can ill afford to call a 'rump' convention. I was not present at this convention; had no part in its deliberations; was not in the city of Harrisburg, but was in attendance at a County Sunday School Convention in the central part of the State.

"Rump" Convention Supported

"You are acquainted with the fact that the Pennsylvania Anti-Saloon League is managed exclusively by a board of trustees representing the Christian Churches of this State, most of them officially elected. It is an incorporated body, and this board of trustees selects an executive committee with power to transact all business in the interim of its meetings.

"The day after the 'rump' convention of Christian men that you speak of, the executive committee of the board of trustees of the Pennsylvania Anti-Saloon League met in the headquarters office in Philadelphia. It reviewed the reports of the 'rump' convention in Harrisburg, and unanimously, without a single dissenting voice, so far as the action of that convention related to the endorsement of Vance C. McCormick for Governor, the action of the 'rump' convention was indorsed and a call to the church was made to support the ticket that this 'rump' convention had agreed upon. The action of this executive committee was immediately sent to every member of the board of trustees, between seventy and eighty in number, and not a dissenting voice has been heard from that board. This will show you that any action that the league may have taken is not a personal action on my part.

"Since the meeting of that 'rump' convention of Christian men, nearly, if not quite every, denominational gathering in this State has indorsed this action, as did the trustees of the Anti-Saloon League. These Christian ministers and laymen of Methodist and United Brethren conferences, Lutheran synods, Baptist conventions, city preachers' meetings and so forth, may have been 'unwittingly dragged' into the action they have taken, but I feel sure that the membership of these bodies represent an intelligence in Pennsylvania that is not 'unwittingly dragged' into matters as important as this. They are eternal and everlasting foes of the rum business and every representative of it, as that business has had opportunity to discover.

portunity to discover.

"Now, Doctor Brumbaugh, you request that I, in a spirit of fairness to the people of Pennsylvania, as well as yourself, 'prevent the use of the name of the Pennsylvania Anti-Saloon League and the name of its officers in any further attempt to misrepresent you on this important subject.

Refutes Charge of Misrepresentation

"On March 26 I wrote you requesting a specific statement as to your position on local option, saying to you frankly that your platform utterance, that you would sign a bill if it passed the Legislature, was not satisfactory. On March 27 you replied, 'I should feel it my duty to do what I honorably could to promote the passage in the next general assembly of a county local option bill.' On April 2, at a meeting of the no-license leagues in the city of Harrisburg, where a speaker criticized your platform position, I read this letter to the convention. Did that misrepresent you?

"On April 10 I published in the official organ of the Anti-Saloon League, the American Issue, a paper with a Pennsylvania circulation of nearly 30,000, my letter to you and your reply, publishing both in full. Did that misrepresent you?

"On June 19 I published an article over my own signature in the American Issue, calling attention again to your statements on local option, both in your platform and in your personal letter to me, and commenting on this I said, 'The American Issue does not question his honesty in this statement; it believes him to be in hearty sympathy with that movement, and to be honestly in favor of it so far as his personal influence is concerned.' Again, I said in the same article, 'We believe and have the utmost confidence in Doctor Brumbaugh as a man.' Did this misrepresent you?

"All these matters were in the possession of the 'unattached' Christian delegates of that Harrisburg 'rump' convention. Did these misrepresent you to that intelligent body of men and 'unwittingly drag' them into the action they took? Every speaker and officer attached to the Anti-Saloon League has repeatedly given these facts to the people since your letter of March 27. Is this misrepresentation?

"Doctor, I challenge you to show a single word that the Anti-Saloon League has put forth during these months that has in any way misrepresented you or that has 'unwittingly dragged' great Christian denominations into this strife against the rum traffic. I shall be glad as State Superintendent—the officers of the Anti-Saloon League would insist that I should if I were not glad—to recall any misrepresentation that has been made, but, frankly, we cannot help thinking that it is more consistent for us to indorse the action of a 'rump' convention of 'unattached' Christian men fighting the liquor business than it would have been to have indorsed the action of a state committee that was 96 to 5 against local option.

"Sincerely yours,

"E. J. Moore,

"State Superintendent."

A Great President

Nearly everybody is agreed that Woodrow Wilson is making the greatest President that this country has ever had. If he had not been wise and levelheaded we would have been in a bloody war with Mexico. He is determined that the United States shall not become involved in the European war.

The Democratic party naturally expected the President to make political speeches during the coming campaign, as has been the custom of former Presidents. President Wilson, while a Democrat, says that America is greater than any party and he issued a statement in which he says that he will not enter the campaign. On account of the European war he will stay on the job in Washington and take care of the interests of America. He is a great and wise Christian President, and is not only looking after the best interests of the nation, but is looking out for the best interests of the average man.

Every man should be profoundly thankful that we have such a patriotic and peace-loving citizen as Woodrow Wilson in this crisis of the world. It is the solemn duty of every man, regardless of his politics, to uphold the administration. We are glad to see that the patriotic citizens of the nation are standing by Woodrow Wilson as they have probably never stood by a President before in the history of our country.—Lexington Dispatch.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

American Shoes Abroad

Boston, October 12.—Heavy foreign demands are being made upon American shoe and leather manufacturers. The armies of Europe are to be shod by American factories.

TELLS HOW PENROSE HELPED TRUSTS AND STRUCK AT FARMER

Washington, D. C., October 12.—Senator Penrose's attempt to stand as the apostle of protection in his fight for re-election in Pennsylvania, as shown by his party state platform, created a lot of amusement among Congressmen who remembered how he was the free trade champion for farm products back in 1911.

It was pointed out here that in the fight to pass the Canadian Reciprocity Bill and put all farm products on the free list, while at the same time keeping trust products protected, Senator Penrose was as conspicuous by his work on the floor, as he has been in this session by his absence. He was the chief lieutenant of President Taft in this attempt to pass the most vicious bill ever aimed at the farmer.

The Canadian Reciprocity Bill put on the free list, horses, mules, swine, sheep, poultry, and all live animals. It kept protected the manufactured products of meats of all kinds, handled by the trusts.

It put on the free list, wheat, corn, barley, hay and grains of all kinds.

Aimed to Hurt Farmers

It kept on a high tariff list, flour, meals, breakfast foods, and cereals, which are marketed by the trusts.

It allowed the big combinations which carry farm products to force the farmer to sell at the low prices asked for Canadian products under free trade, while it kept the high tariff up on the farm goods which are manufactured by the trusts.

Penrose was the floor leader in the attempt to fasten this disreputable and rotten legislation on the farmers.

On July the 22nd, 1911, he voted for the Canadian Reciprocity Bill, as shown by the Congressional Record. Fortunately the farmers of Canada rejected this bill and thus saved the American farmer.

Congressmen who remember how Penrose worked for free trade on farm products on this bill and how he is now shouting for protection say that if he can pull through, he will prove himself the greatest bunco-steerer that ever fooled the people.

THIS IS CERTAIN

The Proof That Bedford Readers Cannot Deny.

What could furnish stronger evidence of the efficiency of any remedy than the test of time. Thousands of people testify that Doan's Kidney Pills have brought lasting results.

Grateful endorsements should prove undoubtedly the merits of this remedy. Years ago people right in this locality testified to the relief they have derived from the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. They now confirm their testimonials. They say that time has completed the test. James Oler, N. Spring St., Everett, Pa., says: "It would be hard to describe the misery I endured from rheumatic pains and kidney trouble. I was lame and sore and hardly able to attend to my work. My back ached all the time and I had sharp twinges in my sides. A friend advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills and I got a box. I was surprised by their promptness in helping me. I continued using them and they cured me. I am glad to confirm my former endorsement of Doan's Kidney Pills. I use this remedy occasionally and it benefits my kidneys."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Oler had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv. 8Oct2t

Among the Pennsylvania Democratic members of Congress none have made a more admirable record than Warren Worth Bailey of Johnstown, who is a candidate for re-election, and who certainly merits another term from the people of his district if they are alive to their own best interests. Mr. Bailey has not merely voted for every measure approved by President Wilson but he has been in almost daily attendance upon the sessions of Congress, and has taken a lively and intelligent interest in all of the business of the country. He has frequently discussed public questions in the House, and has demonstrated that he is the kind of man needed at Washington. The Record, which watched at all times the work of the members of Congress, commends the record of Mr. Bailey as of the sort that ought to appeal to the people of his district, and hopes to see him in his old seat at the next session of Congress.—Philadelphia Record.

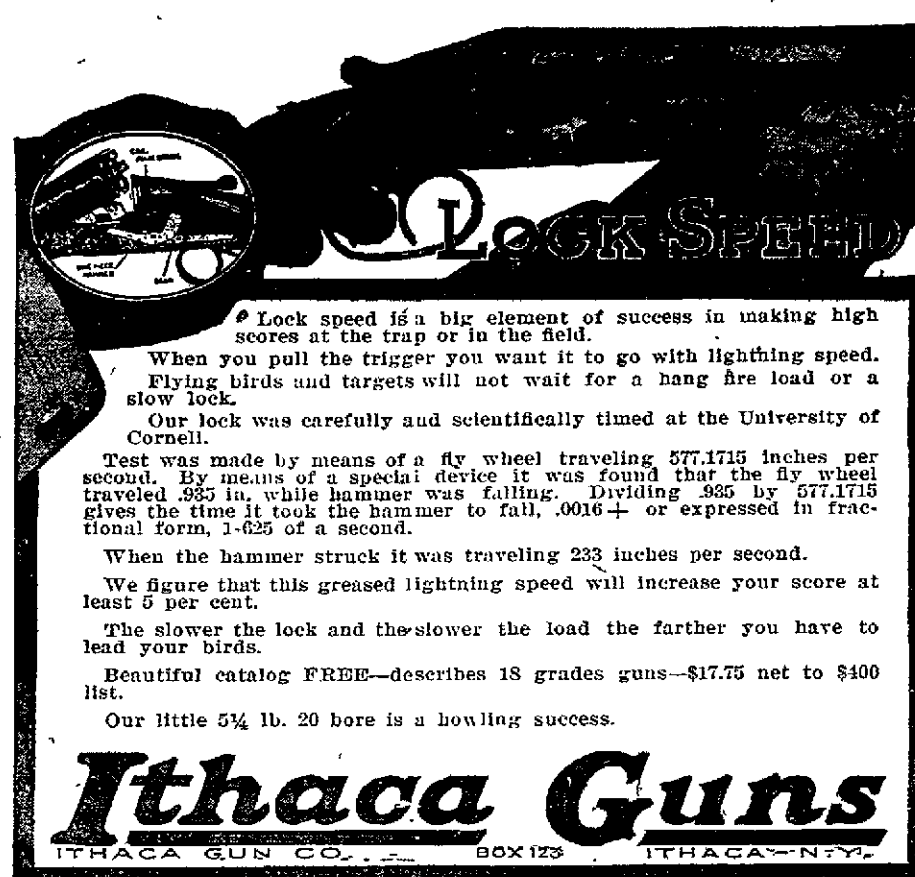
GREEKS BUY U. S. SHOES

New York Factory Busy at Work on Order of 100,000 Pairs for Army.

Binghamton, N. Y., October 12.—George F. Johnson, head of the Endicott-Johnson Shoe Factory of Lester-shire announced recently the receipt of an order from Greece for the immediate manufacture of 100,000 pairs of shoes for the Grecian army. The shoes are being turned out as fast as possible.

The factory is experiencing a return of prosperity following the war depression, and has orders for \$1,000,000 worth of shoes.

President Wilson sticks to his program for a merchant marine, and he is right.—New York Press (Rep.).



Lock Speed

Lock speed is a big element of success in making high scores at the trap or in the field. When you pull the trigger you want it to go with lightning speed. Flying birds and targets will not wait for a hang fire load or a slow lock. Our lock was carefully and scientifically timed at the University of Cornell.

Test was made by means of a fly wheel traveling 577.175 inches per second. By means of a special device it was found that the fly wheel traveled .935 in. while hammer was falling. Dividing .935 by 577.175 gives the time it took the hammer to fall, .0016+ or expressed in fractional form, 1-625 of a second.

When the hammer struck it was traveling 233 inches per second. We figure that this greased lightning speed will increase your score at least 5 per cent.

The slower the lock and the slower the load the farther you have to lead your birds.

Beautiful catalog FREE—describes 18 grades guns—\$17.75 net to \$400 list.

Our little 5 1/2 lb. 20 bore is a howling success.

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Your Whole System is Right**

If You Have Any Blood or Skin Disease
Do Not Delay until it is too late but Order

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THE HOT SPRINGS REMEDY

[a] Complete and Positive Remedy for
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And all other forms of Blood and Skin diseases

Hot Springs Physicians pronounce this the Greatest Blood and Skin Remedy ever placed on the Market.

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W. H. SEARS, M. D., Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
HUNTINGDON, PA.

AT BEDFORD, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1914.

(Can be seen at Huntingdon on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays)

Subscription Blank

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To Gazette Office, Bedford, Pa.**

If you want to win a purse of \$150.00 in real gold get into the missing word contest just started in The Gazette, by subscribing for this paper so you can hunt for the missing words.

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Mark X in square as to time you want paper and forward amount.

Bedford Gazette

ESTABLISHED IN 1805

VICTOR E. P. BARKMAN
Editor and Publisher

The Gazette is the leading newspaper of Bedford County and its circulation is far ahead of any of its contemporaries. As an advertising medium it is one of the best in this part of the state.

Regular subscription price per year \$1.50, payable in advance. Card of Thanks, 50c; Resolutions, \$1.00.

All communications should be addressed to

Gazette Publishing Co.,
Bedford, Pa.

FRIDAY MORNING, OCT. 16, 1914.

"PEANUT POLITICS"

What do you think of the Republican "peanut politicians," who, in the name of the Republican party, by using obstructive tactics and by circulating palpable falsehoods, are seeking to prevent the President and the Democratic party from taking quite proper and reasonable precautions to protect the United States Treasury?

SPEAK THE TRUTH

God and the American people hate liars and love brave men. The lies being circulated with the sole motive of hampering President Wilson, therefore, will return to plague the liars that utter them; and the President's bravery in ignoring political considerations and in squarely facing the revenue situation growing out of the European war will reap its due reward.

VOTE FOR PEACE

The Socialist party is very definitely committed to the policy of peace.

This being true, members of that party should be pretty strongly drawn to President Wilson, whose policy, keeping us out of a senseless war with Mexico and a possible embroilment in the monstrous struggle now raging in Europe, has endeared him to millions of Americans regardless of party.

Bedford County has a number of Socialists. They are very earnest people. They are deeply attached to the principles which they conceive to be the hope of the toiling masses. However we may differ from them as to this, we cannot question either their sincerity or their desire to raise the standard of labor.

They see very clearly that labor cannot be helped by war or by preparations for war and they are entitled to high credit for their opposition to the plans and purposes of militarism.

But what are they doing or propose to do in this campaign to uphold the president in his great peace propaganda? They have a candidate for congress who cannot be elected in the very nature of things. Do they intend to stand by him regardless of consequences?

Or will they do the prudent thing and join with the Democrats and the really progressive Republicans who approve the Wilson policy of peace and support the only candidate for congress with a hope of election now before the electors of the Nineteenth district?

If they are as faithful to the propaganda of peace as they are to that of the co-operative commonwealth they will get in behind Representative Warren Worth Bailey. Mr. Bailey is fairly entitled to the vote and influence of every real friend of international amity.

THE WORKING OF THE NEW TARIFF LAW

The predictions made two years ago of the horrible results of the enactment of a lower tariff would look very funny in parallel columns with the market and trade reports of the present moment.

A leading apostle of high protection predicted in the United States Senate chamber eighteen months ago, that not 25 per cent. of the woolen goods factories would be running in case the proposed reduction in the wool tariff was made. Yet after a slight hesitation when the new law first went into effect, the woolen business has been running along profitably. The cut in prices may not have gone as deep as some hoped, but it is a matter of common knowledge that there was some little reduction in price.

The slight effect caused by the new tariff on this industry shows that after all the Democratic tariff bill was conservative and cautious.

A well known dealer in dry goods tells us that in the main lines of his store, the average reduction in price since the new tariff went into effect has been about 10 per cent. "You would not see it so much in women's ready made suits," he says, "because in those lines the cost is very largely labor. But in anything sold by the yard, the lower price is apparent enough."

In steel a sharp cut was made at once, and every concern using this material got the benefit. Here is a saving that is real, but which the common people do not realize. The difference is felt in taxes, and in many other ways. With a lower duty, it has not cost so much to put in any kind of public construction having iron and steel. Railroads have to pay less for their material, so that they have one less argument to use

for higher rates. Steel and iron enter into everyday consumption in a thousand ways, and in all these respects the consumer is paying a lower price today.

Do the people want to go back to the old costly and needless tariff grat?

Certainly, with the war in Europe likely to continue for many months, no one can claim the need of any immediate change. European competition has become practically impossible, while the present conflict lasts.

Not Paint

With linseed oil at 50c to \$1, what sort of oil do you think they use in "paint" at \$1.50 and \$1.25?

That stuff is counterfeit paint. You can cheat yourself; you can't cheat Time or Weather.

Paint is a rubbery coat over wood and iron to keep-out water.

Counterfeit paint may look like it; counterfeit money looks like money. What are all counterfeits for? They are all alike.

DEVOTE

Defiance

October 13—Howard Little, one of the trusty employees of the Pennsylvania State Prison, made an overnight call at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Little, Jr., the former's parents, while on their return from their honeymoon last week.

Mrs. Harry Graffious and daughter of Pittsburgh are spending some time in Defiance visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Graffious.

Among those who were at Bedford Monday night to hear the Republican candidates speak were H. C. McElwee and W. A. Miller.

Miss Margaret Tenley was a business visitor to the county capital on Tuesday of this week.

Miss Mary McMillen and her brother, George, are visiting their brothers at Akron, O.

The miners of Judith Mine ordered, received and parcelled out a carload of potatoes this week at 70 cents a bushel. They have ordered another carload which is due the first part of next week.

Mrs. H. S. Steel of Whitaker is visiting with her brother, John Rankin, of this place.

Master Hugh McIntyre, who has for the last year been staying with his uncle, Robert McIntyre, at Defiance, has moved his residence to Coaldale Borough.

There was a lecture given in the Defiance school building Monday night of this week under the auspices of the Socialist Local of Defiance.

Misses Mildred Thomas, who is teaching school in Sherman's Valley, Broad Top Township, and Sara Tenley, who is teaching in Huntingdon County, were home over last Sunday to renew old acquaintances after an absence of a whole week.

W. Anson Johnson of Defiance had his family to Loysburg to the home of Mrs. Johnson's father and mother last Sunday night.

H. A. Meek of Everett dined at the Taylor House on Monday of this week.

All except one of the teachers of Defiance, and of those living near Defiance attended the Teachers' Institute held at Riddlesburg last Saturday. In addition to the topics discussed by the teachers, the institute was addressed by Mr. Lauder and Mr. Mosby. The next meeting will be held at Defiance Friday evening, November 6. The subjects of History and School Literary Societies will be the leading topics discussed.

Fishertown

October 13—Mrs. John Griffith of Johnstown is spending a few weeks with relatives and friends here.

Irene, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hoover, who has been ill for some time, is better.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Blattenberger of Roaring Spring spent the week end with Fishertown friends.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Colvin of Somerset and Mrs. W. A. Grazer of New Paris were pleasant callers at the home of Joseph Penrose on Saturday.

Quite a number from this place attended the County Fair in Bedford last Thursday.

Thomas Mickel of Altoona was a Sunday visitor at the home of his uncle, Uriah Blackburn.

Ambrose Callihan of Ryot was a business visitor in Fishertown recently.

William Avey, who met with a painful accident while threshing recently, is somewhat improved.

Cessna

October 13—Henry Wisegarver visited in Cumberland last week while on his vacation.

Miss Mary Bittinger and Harry Anderson of Bedford spent Sunday with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Anderson.

A baby girl arrived at the home of Ralph Creighton on Saturday and a boy at Mr. and Mrs. Reese Smith's on Monday.

Paul Hardman of Bedford has charge of the express office at this place while Mr. Wisegarver has his vacation.

Miss Gladys Wisegarver, who is teaching school at Rainsburg, visited home folks the last of the week.

James Hershberger, while attending the Fair on Thursday of last week, got pretty badly hurt by one of the race horses.

Charles Beegle, wife and daughter of Clayburg were Sunday visitors at the home of his mother, Mrs. Mary Beegle.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Blackburn of the West visited J. E. Blackburn and family part of last week.

The Ladies' Aid of the Lutheran Church will hold a Hallowe'en party on the church lawn Saturday evening, October 31.

He who plows can produce anything, including health and happiness.

Short Jenks' Threats.

Short Jenks is always threatening to give a written guarantee, although every one knows he can't write.—Acheson Globe.

SIMPLY BREATHE IT

That's the Way You Use Hyomei, the Safe Catarrh Remedy.

The most pleasant, easiest, harmless, and the really sensible method for the cure of catarrh is Hyomei, which can be had from any drug store. Just put twenty drops of the liquid in the small inhaler that comes with every complete outfit—then breathe it. A few minutes' use almost instantly clears the head and stops that annoying sniffing.

When using Hyomei every particle of air that enters the breathing organs is charged with an antiseptic, healing balsam that destroys the catarrh germs stops the unclean discharges from the nose, relieves the irritation and quickly heals the sore and inflamed tissues. The first day's use of Hyomei will show a decided improvement no matter how distressing the trouble.

Catarrh, which usually begins with a neglected cold, often becomes a very serious ailment, so don't wait but start using Hyomei today—it is inexpensive and F. W. Jordan, Jr., always sells it on the "No-cure-no-pay" plan.—Adv. Oct. 16 '14.

GREAT TABERNACLE MEETING

Bedford Churches Likely to Join in Union Evangelistic Meetings — Evangelist W. D. Hamilton and Party May Come Here.

As pastors of our respective churches, we beg a little space to call the attention of the members and friends of our churches to a matter which will be submitted to our several congregations upon next Sabbath for their consideration. We rejoice greatly in the growing spirit of Christian unity in our churches, and we believe that the time is ripe for our churches to join in a concerted evangelistic movement looking toward the quickening of spiritual life within our churches, and the ingathering of unsaved ones from without.

After prayerful consideration, we are persuaded that the modern tabernacle meetings are accomplishing just the results in this direction that we desire. Evidently God has set his seal of approval upon this form of religious campaigning. In the many communities where these meetings have been held they have abundantly justified themselves by their results. The tabernacle eliminates the denominational feeling that might arise from the meetings being held in any one church. Being new and novel, and free from the formality of the church, it attracts the people. It gets the crowds from the start and furnishes room to seat them. It is the key to the situation. People cannot be saved by the gospel until they are brought under the sound of the gospel. The tabernacle is also constructed with reference to easy heating and lighting and ventilating. So we join in recommending the tabernacle meeting.

We recognize the importance of proper leadership, however, and we believe that in Evangelist W. D. Hamilton and his musical director, Prof. C. B. Gould, we have found the men best adapted to our community. Evangelist Hamilton is a member of the Interdenominational Association of Evangelists at Winona Lake, Ind., and also the Evangelists' Association, Bureau of Chicago, Ill. While most of his meetings have been in the West, he has had a number of wonderfully successful meetings in Houtzdale, Clearfield County, just closed last Sunday evening, resulted in 966 conversions. Among his testimonials are such strong words as follows:

"He is one of the strongest preachers in the evangelistic field today. He brings a message from God to the people. He hits sin hard, yet with a tenderness for the sinner that causes him to believe that every word is for his good. We never saw a man who attracted such crowds. His methods of conducting the entire campaign are the best we have ever seen."

"Brother Hamilton does not abuse the people, but he preaches a mighty gospel. He is one of the most fearless preachers we have ever heard. He is a student of the Word and of men. We never before saw a town or community so thoroughly awakened. If you want a man whose character is spotlessly clean, and who has never had a shade of question about his life, and a man in whom all who know him believe, and also a man who is fittingly competent to do you a big and lasting work, get this man."

"He is entirely free from anything that favors of a fad or hobby. He is tactful, wise and fair in the management of the meeting. Larger crowds came to hear him than were ever assembled in our town for any purpose. Christians were inspired to the most active efforts, and sinners were brought to a present decision."

"He is easy to work with, engaging the people in the closest confidence in every move he made. He has no 'clap trap' methods, but believes that the gospel is the net that will catch the great school of fishes near at hand when under the direction of Christ. After the meeting is over there is not a sore spot or complaint from any one."

"These are only a few of hundreds of his testimonials from preachers and laymen of all denominations. Equally strong are the recommendations of Prof. Gould, the musical director. One who has worked with him says: 'I have heard Ira D. Sankey, P. P. Bliss, and most of the singing evangelists since their day, and C. B. Gould ranks with the best. He has a splendid and well trained voice and is a Christian gentleman.'"

Another pastor writes, "Prof. C. B. Gould has just closed a three weeks' tabernacle meeting with us as choir leader, soloist and personal worker, and has proven himself to be first class in every respect. His equal would be hard to find. He is a great leader, a first class soloist, and above all this he is a Christian gentleman in the full meaning of the word."

Brother Hamilton says of him, "He is one of the choicest characters that it has been mine to know. As a musician he has very few equals."

BEFORE YOU BUY

take a look at our line of Ladies' and Misses' Suits, Coats, Skirts, Dresses and waists.

It Will Pay You

Because, 1st. We have the largest line in Bedford County to select from.

2nd. Our styles are the latest and best and quality the highest.

3rd. Our prices are without doubt the lowest.

SUITS, \$10 to \$30

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Alterations
FREEPrintzess Garments
DISTINCTION IN DRESSNo two Coats
or Suits alike

Look All Around First

if you want to, you'll only be all the more pleased with our showing of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats.

\$18 to \$26.

We have other good makes of Suits and Overcoats as low as \$8.

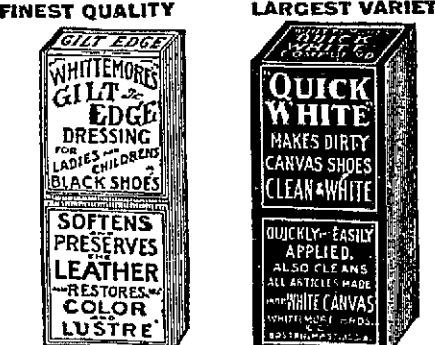
Special
60 Women's \$2.50
Sweaters at
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Men's
Shoes
Women's
Shoes
Children's
Shoes
Every Pair Guaranteed

40 pr. Men's Lined
Corduroy Trousers
\$2.50 value, at
\$1.95

Harold S. Smith Co.

The Store That Gives Best Value.

Whittemore's
Shoe Polishes

"GILT EDGE," the only ladies' shoe dressing that positively contains Oil, Blacks, Polishes and Preserves ladies' and children's shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "TRENCH GLOSS," 10c. "STAR" combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 10c. "DANDY" size, 25c. "QUICK WHITE" (in liquid form with sponge applicator) cleans and whitens dirty canvas shoes, 10c. & 25c. "ALBO" cleans and whitens BLACK, RUBBER, SUEDE, and CANVAS SHOES. In round white cakes packed in zinc boxes, with sponge, 10c. In hand-some, large aluminum boxes, with sponge, 25c. If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us the price in stamps for full size package, charges paid.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO., 20-26 Albany Street, Cambridge, Mass.

The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

You will never hear a criticism of him or his work. It is marvelous what he can do with a chorus and a crowd of people."

As to the financial feature of the campaign we are confident that this can easily be arranged for. No church as such is asked to pledge a dollar. All that the evangelist asks for himself is a special offering to be taken during the last Sabbath. An estimate of from six to eight hundred dollars covers all other expenses, including cost of tabernacle, light, heat, janitor, salary of musical director, board and traveling expenses and all incidentals. While as a business proposition this amount is guaranteed by the formation of a stock company and the issuing of stock at five dollars a share, yet not a dollar of this is to be paid or expected to be paid, as the plate offerings, together with a special offering, if needed, at the end of the second or third week fully meet this, and usually exceed it. At least that is the testimony of preachers and people in the many communities, some of them no larger than ours, in which these meetings have been held.

Through a disappointment in one of his engagements, owing to unavoidable conditions arising in the community, it is possible for Brother Hamilton to come to Bedford for a month's meetings beginning about the middle of November. This we regard as a most auspicious season, as the weather is likely to be more favorable than later, and then it gives the churches the winter months to conserve the results of the meeting.

The official boards of our several churches have already given this movement their endorsement, and

APPLES

We will buy your Apples or sell them for you.

Can handle any quantity.
Write, phone or call.
P. W. SMITH CO.
BEDFORD, PENNA.

Carpets and Rugs

You cannot afford to trust valuable Carpets and Rugs for Cleaning to methods that are incorrect and unsafe. Our methods are safest and clearest them throughout with a revival of latent colors, making them like new and without damage to the finest fabrics.

We also dye Carpets and Rugs when possible to harmonize with color schemes.

FOOTER'S DYE WORKS

CUMBERLAND, MARYLAND

W. C. MCCLINTIC, Authorized Agent, Bedford, Pa.

upon next Sunday morning the matter will be more fully presented and explained in the churches in which this has not already been done. In other communities these meetings have not only resulted in the greater unifying of the churches and the deepening of their spiritual life, but they have brought large numbers of unsaved ones to Christ, thus greatly enlarging the membership of all the churches, and at the same time working out a most wholesome regeneration of social and moral conditions in the community. Under the blessing of God and through the earnest cooperation of our churches and people we believe that these same results will be realized in Bedford. We therefore appeal to the members of our churches to think and pray over this matter, and to be present in their respective churches upon next Sunday morning to give their hearty approval in every possible way.

H. E. Wienand,
J. Albert Epler,
K. A. Bishara,
George W. Faus,
Local Pastors.

Perry-Crouse

Carson B. Perry and Miss Elsie Crouse of Wolfshurg were united in marriage on Saturday, October 10, by Rev. G. W. Faus at the M. E. parsonage.

Wentz-Whittaker

Anson B. Wentz and Miss Minnie M. Whittaker of West St. Clair Township were married at the M. E. parsonage last Saturday by Rev. G. W. Faus.

Free Booklet of Political Information
We are pleased to announce that we are distributing free of charge to our paid up subscribers a useful booklet, pocket size, which contains much political information, a parcel post schedule of rates and zones, and much other useful information. You are invited to call and get one before they run out.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

National Bank of Commerce, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.—Adv.

Bedford Presbyterian Church
K. A. Bishara, Ph. D., Pastor
Religious services on Sunday and Wednesday evening as usual. Sunday morning theme: Intemperance as viewed by the Presbyterian Church. The evening theme: Presbyterian Church on Amusements—Cards, Dancing, etc.



The Comfort Baby's Morning Dip.

"GOODNESS KNOWS," says the Comfort Baby's Grandmother, "what we'd do without this Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater.

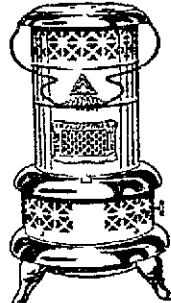
"If I'd only had one when you were a baby, you'd have been saved many a cold and croupy spell."

For warming cold corners and isolated upstairs rooms, and for countless special occasions when extra heat is wanted, you need the Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater.

PERFECTION
SMOKELESS
OIL HEATER

The Perfection is light, portable, inexpensive to buy and to use, easy to clean and to re-wick. No kinking; no ashes. Smokeless and odorless. At all hardware and general stores. Look for the Triangle trademark.

THE ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY
Philadelphia Pittsburgh



Everett

October 12—David A. Trail and family moved on Monday into the apartment above the Past Time Theatre on Spring Street.

Mrs. James Calhoun, who had been ill for some time died at her home near Baughman, Wednesday night, October 7. Funeral services were held at the house and interment was made in the Calhoun family burying ground Friday morning.

Mrs. Calhoun leaves three small children. The baby which is less than a year is a very frail little one. Ralph Amick of Clearville was a business visitor in town on Saturday.

S. C. Layton of near Everett returned on Friday to Handley, Va., where he is employed as a Secretary by the Y. M. C. A.

C. D. Lockwood of Pittsburgh and Joseph Tate of Altoona were guests of Mrs. Marietta Lockwood over Sunday and the first of this week.

Mrs. James H. Evans is visiting her sister, Mrs. T. T. Askins in Du Bois and her brother C. A. McDaniel in Duncargen.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kohler of Philadelphia were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Biddle over Sunday.

Mrs. Daniel O'Shea and daughter attended the Hagerstown Fair this week.

Geo. Moyle of Saxton was a business visitor to Everett between trains on Monday.

Fred Cox, wife and sister-in-law, Mrs. Nell Taylor, who have been visiting in Philadelphia, returned home Thursday evening. The trip was made in Mr. Cox's touring car.

Mrs. Albert Partner and son Lorin returned from Cumberland on Monday, after a successful operation on the young man's throat. Dr. Jones was the surgeon.

Thomas Dibert of Snake Spring Valley was a business visitor in Everett on Tuesday.

Rev. William Ritchey returned on Monday from a visit in Morrison's Cove.

Mr. and Mrs. Smethurst, who recently made their flight from Puebla, Mexico, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. B. May, Main Street.

Miss Helene Gump returned Monday evening from a visit with friends at Six Mile Run.

Queen the white Arabian and Shetland pony owned by H. E. Laher of Everett, wears very becomingly her new accessory—the blue ribbon—won at the Bedford County Fair. This ribbon was awarded for her superiority as a riding and driving pony. She and her mate took first prize on these same grounds in 1911.

Dr. D. F. Whetstone was a visitor to the State Capital this week.

Walter Shearer of Clearville was a business visitor to Everett on Tuesday.

Calvin Howard and family are in attendance at the Hagerstown Fair this week. They are making an overland trip in Mr. Howard's touring car.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott Lysinger of Bedford spent Tuesday at the home of G. B. May, Main Street.

Jacob Mench of Mench was transacting business in town on Tuesday.

Merchant James Grubb and William Hanks of Clearville attended the directors' meeting of the First National Bank on Tuesday.

John Felton, proprietor of Felton's Mill in East Providence Township, was in Everett Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fluke of Well's Tannery passed through Everett Tuesday enroute for Boswell to visit Mrs. Fluke's brother.

The young ladies' club, known as the T. P. S., held its fifth banquet in the Gump Building Thursday night, October 8. These young ladies a few days previous issued their invitations, it having been a ruling of the club that each member be entitled to one guest. At 8 o'clock the merry makers filing into the banquet hall, which had been previously decorated with autumn leaves and flowers and muslins of the club colors, pink and white. The most interesting feature of the decorations was a long banner of pink and white fastened against the side wall on which were the words, "The Pleasure Seekers." Immediately the guests found revealed the origin of T. P. S., which has so long been held a secret by the club. A program of entertainment was

rendered. The two course luncheon, which consisted of the most delicious preparations, were arranged for and served by the club. As the banqueters retired for their homes, which was at a very seasonable hour, all felt glad for the T. P. S. club members—Misses Marie Householder, Sallie Herman, Vera Williams, Verdie Smouse, Francis Oler, Ruth Rush, Marguerite Williams, Lulu Avery; guests: Miss Vashita Gibboney, Messrs. Von Grove, Harold Pettigrew, Evington Bowen, William Alexander, Don Jehn, James Akers, Frank Herman, Jr., Robert Bowen and Prof. Landis.

Prof. Orville Otto of Pittsburgh visited his wife at her home over Sunday.

S. S. Leach brought another new Reo touring car from the factory in Lansing, Mich., on Saturday.

Rev. George King, James E. Ford, G. W. Mellott and S. W. Mellott, while fishing for pike the first of the week, succeeded in catching four of unusual size the total weight being 14 pounds.

The reunion of the 22nd Pa. Vol. Cavalrymen was held in town yesterday. A free dinner and supper were served to 85 participants of which 22 belonged to the 22nd. Dr. McCarthy, the secretary, was present from Mt. Union. A very interesting program was rendered in the town hall in the afternoon and a camp fire at night at the same place.

Sunday School Convention

The Bedford County Lutheran Sunday School Association held their 33rd annual convention in St. Peter's Lutheran Church at St. Clairsville on Tuesday and Wednesday, October 6 and 7.

The entire board of officers was present with four pastors and five superintendents. Fifteen schools reported 23 delegates. All the sessions were well attended and the subjects were thoroughly discussed by pastors and laymen.

The following officers have been elected for 1915. President, Hon. J. T. Matt, Everett; Vice Pres., Baltzer Snyder, Chapman's Run; Treasurer, W. W. Phillips, Bedford, Rt. 2; Secretary, Miss Salfinda Moses, Osterburg.

A number of schools have failed to report. The pastors and superintendents of each school are urged to report the names and addresses of the officers to the recording secretary of the County Association, as soon as the new officers for 1915 are elected, so the secretary may prepare a correct roll of all the schools in the county. If you fail to do this, no one can be blamed but yourself, if you fail to receive a program for the convention of 1915, which is to be held in the Bortz Church, Cumberland Valley, in October, 1915.

Salinda Moses, Secretary. Osterburg, Pa.

Friend's Cove Reformed Charge

Walter C. Pugh, Pastor
Sunday, October 18—Sunday School at all the churches at 9:30 a. m. and Divine worship at the Cove Church at 10:30 a. m. Union Christian Endeavor at the Rainsburg Reformed Church at 7 o'clock Sunday evening. The pastor and family will leave Sunday afternoon, October 18, for a week's visit at their parents' home and the following week the pastor will attend Potomac Synod at Altoona. There will be no church services Sunday, October 25 and November 1.

Presbyterian Churches

Services on Sunday, October 18, as follows: Schellsburg—Sunday School 9:30 a. m.; preaching 10:30 a. m. Mann's Choice—Service 7:30 p. m. Everybody welcome.

Ottawa School Report

Following is the report of Ottawa school for first month ending October 12: Number enrolled, 29; average attendance, 27; per cent of attendance, 93. Honor Roll: Irene Beegle, Mary Beegle, Grace Beegle, Dorothy Beegle, Mary P. Beegle, Gladys Diehl, Lena Diehl, Irene Diehl, Verna Diehl, Ada Diehl, Irene Diehl, Mary Tieman, Helen Turner, Bernadine Turner, Fred Beegle, Homer Beegle and Theodore Gindler. Raymond Whetstone, Teacher.

Springhope

October 14—H. L. Hull and William Zeigler attended the political meeting in Bedford Monday night.

Mrs. Gordon of near Rock Lick visited her son Elmer of this place over Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. R. L. Wilfong and two children of Schellsburg spent Saturday night and Sunday as guests of her sister, Mrs. H. C. Hoover.

Quite a number of our people attended the Fair last week.

Harry Naugle, wife and children of near Wolfburg and Mr. and Mrs. John Pensyl spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Smith.

Jacob Bowser's new house is ready for the plasterers. William Zeigler's house is also being erected rapidly.

John Blattenberger is putting up a barn wall for Henry Miller near Hellville.

Eita, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Pierre Herschberger, has been seriously ill the past week, but is better at this time.

Burl Brown was on the sick list part of last week.

N. H. Riseling, wife and daughter and Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Herschberger of Point were welcome visitors at Pierre Herschberger's on Sunday.

Pilgrim.

Schellsburg

October 15—Howard Klinton, wife and son of Mann's Choice spent Sunday with R. L. Williams and wife.

Harvey Snively of Altoona is visiting his parents.

Carl Amick and wife of Sunbury spent a day or two this week with C. B. Culp and family.

T. L. Snyder and family and Miss Ruth Snyder of Clearfield are spending a few days here.

C. C. Mansfield has opened a restaurant in the Clark store room on Main Street.

G. W. Taylor and family of near town, Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Burns of Kegg, James Burns and wife of Franklin, Michael Colvin, proprietor of the hotel at White Sulphur Springs, wife and sisters, Emma, Anna and Phoebe of Sulphur Springs attended Presbyterian Church here Sunday morning and spent the rest of the day with J. E. Taylor and sister.

Lee Beegle of Pittsburgh spent a few days with his uncle, W. J. Beegle, last week.

Mrs. R. L. Williams left Tuesday morning on a short visit to Pittsburgh.

Quite a number of Republicans from in and near town attended the mass meeting at Bedford Monday night.

George W. Colvin went along with Lawrence Shaffer to Greensburg this week. He will visit in Pittsburgh before returning.

Woodbury

October 13—Miss Rose Dillen is visiting friends and relatives at Six Mile Run.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Keagy and little son of Altoona and J. H. Keagy are visiting their mother, Mrs. Annie Keagy.

Miss Maggie Treese of Roaring Spring is the guest of Mrs. Margaret Replogle.

Mrs. Libbie Bassler left on Thursday for Pittsburgh, where she expects to spend some time with her sister, Mrs. Annie Boles.

Lawrence Replogle was a recent visitor to Three Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shoemaker of Roaring Spring spent Sunday at the home of the former's parents.

W. V. Davis of Altoona was a caller in town on Sunday.

Hiram Felton spent Sunday with his daughter, Mrs. Charles V. Dibert, of near Intertown. He was accompanied home by Mrs. Felton, who had spent several weeks there.

Frank Crissman of Martinsburg was a caller in town on Sunday.

Misses Elsie and Clara Hoover were Altoona visitors on Friday.

Quite a number of people from this place attended the Fair at Bedford last week.

Miss Nellie Felton was hostess at a delightful social affair at her home in Woodbury Friday evening, when she entertained a number of friends at music and cards, and later a lunch and supper.

Several solos, duets and quartettes were rendered as also several readings were given by William Harclerode of Hopewell.

The following guests were present: Miss Ruth Bolger, Tressa Bassler, Elsie, Clara and Margaret Hoover; Rhoda Bolger and Nellie Felton, Lawrence Replogle and Chalmers Felton of Woodbury; Miss Leta Gates of Waterside, Frank Crissman and Claude Snider of Martinsburg, L. R. Barnett, C. H. Dodson, William Harclerode and J. Reed of Hopewell.

New Paris

October 13—Jacob Snook of near Spring Meadow was a guest in our vicinity not long since.

Samuel D. Shriner of Hollidaysburg spent Sunday at the home of Daniel Helman.

John Adams and wife of Johnstown were guests of S. P. Suter and family not long since.

Simon R. Balckburn, wife and son of Windber are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. K. Balckburn.

The third quarterly meeting on Schellsburg circuit was held in the M. E. Church at this place Friday morning, October 9.

New Paris Cornet Band furnished the music for the Bedford County Fair on Friday. The "boys" report an enjoyable time.

The following Johnstown people have been visiting in our town and vicinity within the past week: Harry Otto, wife and two children, Reddick Otto, Miss Morrow, Mrs. W. H. Morris, Charles Ling, wife and son, Frank Ling and Erastus Harbaugh and wife.

On Thursday, October 8, Rev. A. F. Richards had the pleasure of tying a matrimonial knot for Job Shaffer and Miss Mary Logue, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Logue. We wish our young couple success.

E. Clay Mickel

E. Clay Mickel, son of William B. Mickel of Rock Lick, died on Saturday, October 10, from the effects of typhoid fever, aged 18 years and 25 days. Interment was made in the Mock Cemetery on the following Monday.

Has Warren Worth Bailey Represented the Interest of His District?

We are approaching the end of a Congressional campaign that is destined to be one of the most memorable in the history of the American republic. Three weeks hence the voters will render judgment upon President Wilson's administration. This judgment will be rendered by the election of the members of the House, as it is a forgone conclusion that the Senate will continue Democratic for some years to come. The failure, therefore, of the people to return a Democratic majority in the House would signify a condemnation of the national administration. On the other hand, the election of a Democratic majority would be regarded, not alone in this country, but in foreign countries as well, as an endorsement of President Wilson and all that he stands for.

Two important questions present themselves to the voters of the Nineteenth Congressional district which they will be called upon to answer on the third of November. The first is:

Does the Wilson administration deserve the approval of the American people?

If it does, then failure to give him a vote of confidence would be unworthy of a free and public-spirited people and would reflect in final judgment, not so much upon the President as upon the people themselves.

The second question is the question that confronts the voters in Congressional districts now represented by Democrats and that is:

Have they been rational, efficient and trustworthy?

If they have, then it is a duty that the voter owes to himself, to his family and his country to see that those Congressmen are re-elected by an increased majority.

Now, the question that confronts the voters of the Nineteenth Congressional district is:

Has Warren Worth Bailey represented the interests of his district honestly, intelligently and efficiently? His record of achievement is the sole reply to that question.

For years he has been an earnest advocate of universal peace, so that when President Wilson inaugurated his policy of peace with disarmed Mexico he was fully prepared to render him valuable support. He was throughout the Mexican crisis one of President's staunchest supporters. And he was always at his post, always on duty, and always ready to perform any public task assigned him.

One of the cardinal tenets of his political creed is that the people of his district elected him to protect their rights and promote their interests, and in order to do it he realized that he must attend the sittings of Congress, take part in the deliberations on all important measures and vote for all good bills and against all bad ones. And to his everlasting credit it must be said to these things he has been true.

He has introduced more bills, public and private, addressed the House in favor of more good measures, attended more sittings of Congress, answered more roll calls, secured the allowance of more pension claims for deserving old soldiers than any one who has represented the district in years. He took an active and important part in revising downward the iniquitous tariff schedules enacted for the benefit of predatory corporations and criminal trusts. He worked persistently for the enactment of the income tax law, whereby the monopolistic interests are obliged to bear the just share of the burden of taxation.

He has advocated the passage of the Federal Reserve law, which provides that public funds and commercial credits shall be taken out of the greedy clutches of the financial bandits of Wall Street and placed in the custody of the people. He was active in the passage of liberal public land laws for Alaska and opening it to actual settlement by the operation of a government-owned railroad. He favored the adoption of a scientific conservation policy under which vast natural resources are made available to honest settlers while rendering monopoly impossible. He championed with all the zeal he could command the passage of the Clayton anti-trust law which provides among other commendable things that "the labor of a human being is not a commodity or an article of commerce." He strove strenuously for the passage of a law for the scientific development of our water power.

These salutary measures with others in the aggregate make a record of constructive legislation that has seldom been equaled and certainly never surpassed by and Congress in the history of the American people.

In the face of such a record of diligence, competency, political intelligence and legislative ability how shall the honest, intelligent, public-spirited citizen refuse to extend to Warren Worth Bailey a loyal and enthusiastic support on the third of November. If the voters of the Nineteenth district want a man who has proved himself wise in committee room and fearless on the floor of the House; if they want a man who has a thorough knowledge of the operation of the natural laws which govern the production and distribution of wealth; if they want a man who believes sincerely that a public office is a public trust—then they are in duty bound to vote for Warren Worth Bailey.

It should be remembered that indifference in the discharge of civic duties is the prolific source of bad legislation, public misfortunes and political corruption.

Miss L. S. T.: A complexion, marvelous for its clearness, pinky whiteness and softness, will be produced by the liberal use of rosetone. Rub this cream on the entire face liberally. Let the cream dry on the face. Repeat this again at night. Ang good druggist will sell you an ounce of rosetone.—Adv.

Suffrage Notes

Conspicuous among the features of the County Fair last week was the suffrage booth, conducted by women of the county, at the entrance of the exhibition building. The large yellow and black banner placed high on the side of the building was plainly visible to every one entering below it attracted much attention.

Miss Amy, a state worker from Harrisburg headquarters, was present and gave several interesting talks, touching not only the suffrage movement, but giving incidents and observations of her nine years' experience as a social service worker, and on account of thrilling adventures in Europe after the outbreak of the present war.

Votes for women balloons and twirlers were extremely popular among the children while the delicious home-made candy, cakes and pies sold were much in demand and netted a neat little sum for the association as well as proving quite conclusively that there were at least some suffragists who are sufficiently domestic to work.

A large "Votes for Women" banner was borne aloft by the big balloon on Wednesday. The woman's sign was highest on the grounds today, remarked the good natured aeronaut as he stopped for a chat with the workers at the booth after his return from his hazardous flight.

Although the usual ridicule, indifference and hostility always in evidence in large crowds was shown in some measure, the women of the organization are extremely well satisfied by the friendly attitude of the intelligent and public spirited formers and the more progressive of the county's women. We are extremely gratified for the courteous and considerate treatment by the fair management and their employees.

Committee.

Major William Watson Post, 332, Bedford, met in Tate Hall on Tuesday of this week and had a nice social time with the following present: Frank McCoy; Madley; Jonas Kipp; Buffalo Mills; Charles Miller; Fishertown; Andrew Biddle and Henry Diehl; Colerain; R. C. Smith, Peter B. Smith and Captain Hissong from Point; D. C. Davis and Hon. J. H. Longenecker from Bedford; R. W. Cook of Everett was appointed inspecting officer, and reported the Post in fine condition.

The Post mourned the loss of a very good and faithful member in the name of Samuel Hunt of Colerain.

Juliana Heights is to have some improvements in the form of a macadam street extending \$80 feet from north side of King Street to alley on south side of H. B. Cessna's residence. This portion of the street is curved on the west side and the east side is expected to be in the near future.

The borough is to pay \$200 and the adjacent property holders to furnish the rest of the expense. The contractor is Harmon P. Malone of Hollidaysburg, who laid the water main from Millburn reservoir.

Marriage Licenses

Job Shaffer and Mary Logue of Napier Township.

George R. Carothers of Connellsville and Margaret E. Hickes of Coalmont.

Carson B. Perry and Elsie Crouse of Wolfburg.

Anson B. Wentz and Minnie M. Whitaker of West St. Clair.

John Dougherty of Broad Top Township and Mazie Metz of Ray's Cove.

Ellis Bell Davidson of Littlestown and Mary Louise Willoughby of Bedford.

Lutheran Allegheny Synod

At the 3rd annual convention of the Allegheny Synod of the Lutheran Church, Oct. Rev. Dr. John H. Zinn of Osterburg preached the ordination sermon. The Home Missionary Board of the Synod has as two of its members, Rev. Dr. Zinn and Rev. Dr. H. E. Wileand.

Rev. H. E. Wileand, Ph. D., was elected clerical director to Theological Seminary at Gettysburg. Rev. F. J. Matter of Everett was elected as one of the delegates to the General Synod at Akron, O. The synod adjourned to meet in Huntingdon, Pa., 1915.

Will Lecture in Johnstown

Carl Schurz Vrooman, Assistant Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture, will deliver an address at the Cambria Theatre in Johnstown, Thursday afternoon, October 22. The meeting will be called at 2:30 o'clock.

While Mr. Vrooman's position as the executive officer of the United States Agricultural Department is a sufficient guarantee of his abilities, there is much of additional interest concerning him. He was educated at Washington College, Topeka, Kan., and at Harvard, from which he graduated in 1894. From Harvard he went to Oxford, England, and there continued his studies. Upon his return from college, he began farming, and now operates between 4,000 and 5,000 acres in Illinois and Iowa, either directly or through tenants.

His address in Johnstown on October 22 will be worth traveling many miles to hear. This meeting has been arranged by the Johnstown Chamber of Commerce, and everybody will be welcome. No admission will be charged.

Church of God, Saxton

F. W. McGuire, Pastor
Preaching at the Ridges, October 17, 7:30 p. m. and at Saxton October 18, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Communion services at Saxton, October 25, 7:30 p. m. Rally in Sunday School at Saxton November 1. Farewell sermons of present pastor at Ridges, October 17, at Coalmont, October 24, and at Saxton, November 1.

St. Clairsville Reformed Charge

J. W. Zehring, Pastor
Sunday, October 18—Osterburg: Sunday School 9; Harvest Home service 10:15 a. m. Intertown Sunday School 1; Harvest Home service 2:15; missionary service 7:30 p. m.

SALE REGISTER

On Saturday, October 24, at 1:30 p. m., the heirs of the late John Brigg will sell the real estate of deceased on the premises in Kimmell Township, one mile south of Queen. At the same time and place Geneva Fickes, one of the heirs, will sell 2 cows, colt, brood sow and pigs, and other personal property.

At his residence in Friend's Cove on Thursday, October 22, at 1 o'clock p. m., Emanuel Beegle will sell the following personal property: Three stoves, 6 beds and bedding, chairs, bureaus, cupboards, lot of carpet, stands, lot of other household goods and many garden tools.

On Thursday, October 22, at one o'clock p. m., Carrie B. Holderbaum, administratrix of the late J. Albert Holderbaum, will sell the following personal property at the late residence of deceased, three miles north of Cessna: Three cows, 2 heifers, lot of harness, 4-horse wagon, spring wagon, bob sled, mower, hay rake, roller, feed cutter, plows and harrows, cultivator, manure spreader, hay tedder and many other articles.

On the premises, three and one-half miles west of Buffalo Mills on Dry Ridge, Mrs. Tena Adams will sell the following personal property on Thursday, October 22, at 12 o'clock noon: Two horses, 2 cows, 2 heifers, 2 calves, lot of harness, surveyor's buggy, wagon, wind mill, all kinds of farm implements, rye, corn, cupboards, coal stove, copper kettle, rakes, forks, chains and many other articles. The farm will also be offered for sale at the same time and place.

At her residence next door to the Fisher House, Bedford, on Saturday, October 24, at 10 o'clock a. m., Mrs. F. P. Yarnell will sell a lot of household goods, consisting of cook stove, heater, kitchen cupboard, hall rack, washing machine, Morris chair, bedroom suits, beds, rockers and many other articles.

At one o'clock p. m., on Wednesday, October 28, William H. McCleary will sell the following personal property on his farm two miles east of Yont's Station: Two horses, cow, bull, calf, 2 brood sows, reaper, 2 harrows, grain drill and many other farming implements. At the same time and place he will sell his farm, containing 41 acres.

At the same time and place he will sell a house, bank barn and all necessary buildings thereon. There are also lots of fruit and a never failing spring of water on this farm.

O. S. Acker will sell the following personal property at his residence, one-half mile south of Inler in King Township on Thursday, October 29, at 1 o'clock a. m.: Four horses, 6 head of cattle, all kinds of farm implements, dinner bell, buggy, 2 wagons, lot of harness, garden tools, wheat, oats, corn, clover seed, hay, fodder and straw.

Fire Destroyed Barn

Tuesday morning of last week fire completely destroyed the barn of Glen Claar, who resides near Baker's Summit. Mr. Claar discovered the fire about 6 o'clock in the morning, and, realizing it was too late to attempt to put it out, he immediately began to take out the stock. He succeeded in getting several horses out, but the balance of the stock, together with the year's crops and all other contents of the barn, were completely destroyed. The loss will amount to about \$4,000, partly covered by insurance to the amount of \$1,800. The origin of the fire is unknown.

DIED

JOHNSTON—Thursday morning of last week Mrs. Martha J. Johnston died at her home in Altoona of pneumonia. She was born in this county, her maiden name being Miss Evans. One son and three daughters survive. Interment was made in Rose Hill Cemetery, Altoona.

ARE YOU FROM MISSOURI IF SO, I AM HERE TO SHOW YOU

We are stocked this Fall as we have never been before with the swellest line of men's, young men's and boys' Suits and Overcoats, Hats, Furnishings and Shoes. We have scoured the markets for the very best money can buy. If you are in any way skeptical, or if you are hard to please, we want you to come to us, and we will show you style, and we will also show you how much less we can sell you for. We clothe the entire family of boys. We love to show our goods whether you buy or not. The season's best in all lines is here. The imported weave, the latest cut—the goods are different. The reason we have always enjoyed such a fine business among the men, and the young men, is because we always give full value for every dollar spent with us.

Simon Oppenheimer
BEDFORD, PENNA.

SAFETY FIRST

A Safe Place for Your Savings and for Your Checking
Account is Offered by

The Hartley Banking Co.

BEDFORD, PENNA.

THE OLDEST BANK IN BEDFORD COUNTY

AS A RULE the higher the rate of interest the greater the risk. Better 3 per cent. with safety than a higher rate at hazard among strange people or banks. Money in this bank is doubly secured, being protected both by the abundant assets of the bank itself and by the unlimited liability of each and all the partners.

SINCE 1872, a period of 42 years, this bank has been standing, as it stands today, for fair dealing and right banking principles. Its directors and partners are successful business men of sound financial integrity. The bank owns its own substantial banking house in the center of the business section of Bedford. It has strong vaults and a safe fitted with time locks. It carries ample burglary insurance. It is a member of the State and of the American bankers' association. No depositor has ever lost a dollar of his money in this bank. What the bank has been doing for others it will do for you. You can deposit by mail if not in person.

The Cold Blasts of Winter

Will soon be upon you and as yet you have not purchased that New Heater or Stove. Don't have anybody tell you that you can do better some place else than at

THE BLYMYER HARDWARE CO.
BEDFORD, PENNA.

For we carry the world's best makes of Ranges, Stoves and Heaters. This is the store where all goods are guaranteed, at where the lowest possible prices prevail. All the years we have been in business not one of our stoves or ranges have failed to give the utmost satisfaction. If you want oil, paints, varnishes, brushes, or anything in the hardware line see us

Once a Customer---Always a Customer

CONTEST PAGE No. 2

This Contest Prepared, Owned and Controlled by J. Fred Jones, McKeesport, Pa. Infringements will be prosecuted.

Educational Missing Word Contest Return Blank

THE MISSING WORD FOR FIFTH WEEK, OCT. 16, 1914.

Was found by Full Name

..... Town and R. F. D.

The word was and should appear

in advertisement

between words and

Fill out this Coupon with answer. Cut out and return to The Gazette office not later than the following Thursday, at 5 p. m.

\$50.00 For the Missing Word Can You Find It \$50.00

CONDITIONS—In one of the advertisements on this page a word is missing. To be a winner you are to find this word, and the advertisement from which it is omitted and between what words it should be inserted. A new word will be omitted each Friday and may be omitted from the same advertisement more than once. The contest will continue for 18 weeks, to be run every Friday.

The person finding the greatest number of correct words will be given \$25.00. The second \$15.00, the third \$5.00, and five \$1.00 prizes will be awarded to the next five highest.

The missing word this week, in Contest No. 2, commences with C and ends with S.

All answers must be filed at The Gazette Office, Bedford, Pa., not later than the following Thursday, at 5 p. m.

A GOOD PLACE

To meet your friends in the evening is at

CITY CIGAR AND SMOKERS' SUPPLY STORE

3 Doors West Grand Central Hotel
West Pitt Street BEDFORD, PA.

When men want their favorite cigar they know they can get it here. We keep a swell line of fancy cigars, loose or by the box. Also pipes of all prices

AN IDLE HOUR

Can be easily passed in our Pocket Billiard Parlor. The boys all come here. A call is always appreciated. Come in and let us get acquainted. Our stock of Tobacco and Cigars is always fresh.

Give Us a Friendly Call

HOFFMAN GARAGE

LEE HOFFMAN, Prop. Bedford, Pa.

Is without doubt one of the Best Equipped Garages in the State of Pennsylvania. ALL TOURISTS SAY SO. It's the real home of the auto owner. A real inn for the tourist. Efficient and highly accommodating

Sleeping rooms and a fine Restaurant or Cafe attached. A ladies' rest room that is up-to-date. Bedford Springs waters on tap

Every Patron Is a Booster for Hoffman
OPEN ALL NIGHT

FREE AIR. THE BEST GASOLINE. STORAGE. ALL AUTO ACCESSORIES. REPAIRING. REFRESHMENTS SERVED.

We pack Lunches for Tourists. Don't be misled or misinformed. Be sure

IT'S HOFFMAN'S

DRINK PURE OLIVE OIL and eat FRUITS

And you'll never get sick. It is a well known fact that the Best LUCCA ITALIAN OLIVE OIL and Imported other Olive Oil can only be had at

A. Scaletta & Son's

Wholesale and Retail dealers in these goods and tropical produce. If you want fruits of any kind for putting up purposes or anything at all in the vegetable line, see us.

**THIS IS THE STORE THEY
ALL COME TO WHEN THEY WANT
THE FRESHEST AND BEST**

EVERYTHING for EVERYBODY at

**WEISEL'S
VARIETY STORE**

It's just simply amazing when one enters our store, what they see useful for the home.

We are Central Headquarters for Wall Paper. We can furnish you with Experienced Decorators and Paper Hangers, 9c Bolt.

Stationery, Jewelry, Souvenir Goods, China, Glassware, Post Cards, Aluminum Ware, Enamel Ware, Silver Ware Toilet Articles, School Supplies, Office Supplies, Story Books, Bibles and Testaments, Eric a Brace, Hosiery and Ribbons, all kinds of Notions, Vases, Brushes and Combs, Baskets, and a thousand other things.

Toys. Dolls. Linoleum and Oilcloth. Oilcloth Rugs. Window Shades. Be sure to visit our popular 5 and 10c counters. This is a veritable Bee-Hive. We're always busy. Don't waste time going all over the town, just come to

WEISEL'S VARIETY STORE
And Save Money and Miles of Steps

Whether you want to buy or not just come in and look around.

-----NEVER MIND THE WAR-----

Look after your stomach when you get hungry

EAT YOUR MEALS

**A T M. K. ALLEN'S
---RESTAURANT---**

Where you get Best served, and where you get all you want to eat for a small cost. A fine place to get fresh fruits, select canned goods, choice groceries, ice cream, bread, pies and cakes. Oysters in season.

If you want choice come here for them.

We Please When Others Fail

IF YOU===

Are you thinking of buying an automobile, don't buy until you see the new

1915 OVERLAND

MODEL 81	MODEL 80	OVERLAND 6
20 H. P.	35 H. P.	50 H. P.
3 Speeds	3 Speeds	3 Speeds
106 in. Wheel Base	116 in. Wheel Base	125 in. Wheel Base
Demountable Rims	Demountable Rims	Seven Passenger
33 x 4 Tires	34 x 4 Tires	35 x 4 1/2 Tires
Price \$850	Price \$1075	Demountable Rims
Runabout \$795	Roadster \$1050	Price \$1475

All three models are of beautiful streamline type and are fully equipped with electric lights and starter, etc.

Sole Agents for COLE AND KRIT CARS 50c a DAY
AUTOS STORED FOR
Agents for FISK and GOODYEAR TIRES
Headquarters for all kinds of auto accessories

CUT THIS OUT AND MAIL
Please send me your illustrated Catalogue for 1915 machines.

Name

Address

WE DO REPAIRING

**KEYSTONE
Auto Co.**

Bedford, Pa.

Bell Phone

The Missing Word may not be
in this space, but you are
missing the greatest values in

Ladies' Suits, Coats, Dresses

If you fail to buy them here.
The biggest and best stocks
in Bedford County. : : : :

W. E. SLAUGENHOUP
Bedford's Biggest and Best Store
Successor to Barnett's Store Bedford, Pa.

A Good Eating House
where good eaters get
good eats during the
Bedford County Fair
next week

**Let's
Eat**

at D. O. SMITH'S RESTAURANT
Beside the Grand Central Hotel

GET--IN--LINE

Ladies and you'll be in LINE with scores and scores of others who buy their

GROCERIES

FROM **JOHN LINE**

The Pure Food Grocer, BEDFORD, PA.

No matter how small your order we will appreciate it. If you want good weight, pure goods, your orders delivered on time, no mistakes made in your order, the lowest prices, if you want fruits and vegetables that are fresh daily see us. We are here to please you in every detail. If you have a phone, send in your order.

Phone Orders a Specialty

LET ME MAKE YOUR NEW FALL and WINTER SUIT

If you need an Overcoat that's up-to-date come and see me.

Two-Piece Suit \$16.00
Three-Piece Suit \$17.50

W. F. WHITE is Bedford's leading merchant tailor, and if White does it, it has to be right. He is the maker of the kind of clothes gentlemen wear. No Fit No Pay is White's Way. Come in gentlemen, and select your suiting from the best sample goods that ever came to town. We are here to please in fit, quality of goods and price.

Location, near Cleaver's Jewelry Store.

Bedford, Penna.

PIANOS AND Player Pianos

There are many of these instruments on the market today but there is no one who the fact that COMPTON-PRICE PIANOS are found in more conservatories, colleges, and studios than any other make. There must be a reason for this. It must be the world's leading make. We are exclusive agents for this piano.

THE AIR-O-PLAYER PIANO

Made by the National people, is entirely all metal, with solid brass mechanism, the only player-piano that's an all metal player. The climate does not affect it in the least. Then we carry the Old DAVENPORT-TRACY LINE. Come in and see me, and when you see and hear these instruments you will decide on one we know. We sell all kinds of musical instruments, specializing on the VIOLIN. We can fit children's hands to any size instrument. I am also a teacher of the violin.

S. H. KOONTZ

Job Shoemaker Building, Pitt Street County Phone

GET A HAMMER

(But use it on a nail)

Don't waste your time knocking the fellow who sells you poor hardware. Life is too short. Come to us and get the real stuff, the hardware with life to it, that never wears out.

Anything you want at a price that makes you smile.

D. W. BEAM'S Hardware Store

East Pitt Street

BEDFORD, PA.

LET GEORGE DO IT

If you are in any way dissatisfied with your present grocer, give your next order for groceries to

George O. Farber
BEDFORD, PA.

If you want your orders delivered on time let **GEORGE DO IT**. If you want to save a few cents on each article you buy, try **FARBER'S**. We carry a superb line of fancy groceries, fruits and vegetables, flours, spices, canned goods, and all other good things to eat. This store solicits a share of your business.

Give us a trial order

BUTTERICK BUTTERICK

Butterick presents to the world the very cream of the successes among these successful designs. In selecting their Butterick styles women know that they are being given their choice from successes only.

And so we find that just as Butterick went ahead and produced style-leaders for the world during the Franco-Prussian War of 1870—so today, 44 years later, Butterick is still busily employed maintaining its world-supremacy.

It is a source of pride for American inventiveness and industry that Butterick, the first paper pattern the world ever saw, is still first in the appreciation of women.

Mrs. J. C. Russell

Seifert's NEWS STAND

Is the smokers headquarters. Here the men find just what they want in the pipe, cigar, stogy and tobacco line.

We also keep all of the popular magazines, sporting goods, for winter and summer, story papers, also all of the Eastern and Western newspapers.

In connection we have a first class Pocket Billiard room. Plenty of room for all.

110 South Juliana St. Bedford, Pa.

CONTEST PAGE No. 3

This Contest Prepared, Owned and Controlled by J. Fred Jones, McKeesport, Pa. Infringements will be prosecuted.

Educational Missing Word Contest Return Blank

THE MISSING WORD FOR FIFTH WEEK, OCT. 16, 1914.

Was found by Full Name

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The word was and should appear in advertisement between words and

Fill out this Coupon with answer. Cut out and return to The Gazette office not later than the following Thursday, at 5 p. m.

\$50.00 For the Missing Word Can You Find It \$50.00

CONDITIONS—In one of the advertisements on this page a word is missing. To be a winner you are to find this word, and the advertisement from which it is omitted and between what words it should be inserted. A new word will be omitted each Friday and may be omitted from the same advertisement more than once. The contest will continue for 13 weeks, to be run every Friday.

The person finding the greatest number of correct words will be given \$25.00. The second \$15.00, the third \$5.00, and five \$1.00 prizes will be awarded to the next five highest.

The missing word this week, in Contest No. 3, commences with D and ends with S. All answers must be filed at The Gazette Office, Bedford, Pa., not later than the following Thursday, at 5 p. m.

ENGLAND & DIEHL

This is the place to get the best home-made bread, pies and cakes. You will find our bread 100% pure, and we know you will never bake again if you once get to eating it. We keep everything in the pastry line. If you are going to get married, let us bake your wedding cake.

GROCERIES

Yes we keep a select line of fancy and staple groceries, canned goods, fine confections, fruits and vegetables. When you want good Fresh goods at the right price see

ENGLAND & DIEHL Bedford, Pa.

The Bedford Gazette

Largest Circulation \$1.50 to Everybody

Best Advertising Medium Subscribe For It

We do neat, economical job work and do it quickly. Consult us for prices. We can please you.

We print Calendars, Envelopes, all kinds; Letter Heads, Paper Books, Blotters, Bill Heads, Sale Bills, Posters of all Sizes and Colors, Programs, Labels for Bottles, Cards on Checks, Post Cards for Advertising, Legal Forms, Tax Receipts and Notices, Insurance Policies, Route Books and Cards, Shipping Tags, Schedules. In fact we can do anything and everything you want. Send a sample, if possible, and let us try our hand. If we cannot save you money, go to the one who can.

HEY-THERE

One of the most important factors about a drug store is its Prescription Department. We want the people of Bedford and Bedford County to know that

FOR OVER 50 YEARS I HAVE BEEN IN THE DRUG BUSINESS.



I know the business. Your prescriptions should be carefully and accurately compounded by one who knows how. Bring these to me. I use only the purest of drugs, and our prices are always considered very reasonable. We keep most everything in the drug line, and you will always find us prompt, courteous and obliging. If you want a Fountain Syringe and Hot Water Bottle combine, an Ice Bag, or anything in the Rubber Goods line you will find it here. We carry the largest stock of drugs, fine chemicals in this section. Also a fine line of Photo Supplies.

Ed. D. Heckerman
The Druggist

FEED

Schumacher's Stock Feed, and be convinced of its feeding value. Of all the corn, oats and barley chops analyzed by the State Department, Schumacher's heads the list in Protein and Fat. (See State report for 1913). It's the all-around feed—Good for Horses, Cows and Hogs.

We can supply your needs in Bran, Middlings, Molasses Feed, Cottonseed Meal, Oil Meal and all kinds of Poultry Supplies.

Try Blatchford's Calf Meal for your calves and young pigs, and watch them grow.

DAVIDSON BROTHERS
54 North Richard St. BEDFORD, PA.

DULL THE DRUG MAN

GET TO KNOW HIM, IT WILL PAY YOU, HE IS LOCATED ON JULIANA STREET, SECOND DOOR FROM PITT STREET, BEDFORD, PA.

Here you will find a drug store that is well kept. You will find it filled to the brim with all kinds of patent medicines, rubber goods, fine boxed confections, fine stationery, and a complete line of

Eastman Kodaks and Supplies

Our motto is to please every customer in quality and price. The success of our business depends on our sales and the making of permanent friends who are our customers. We invite you to call in and see us when you want anything in our line. Prescriptions a specialty.

DULL THE DRUGMAN

Isaac Pierson

DEALER IN
Agricultural
Implements

Machines of Quality

If you want a good, reliable Cream Separator, Plow, Wagon or Light Harness see me.

For over 30 years I have been supplying farmers and others with my goods and have always tried to please in quality and price.

If you need anything come and give me a call.

Both Phones. BEDFORD, PA.

Glad to see you whether you buy or not.

Harvey F. Price

Expert, Roofing,
Spouting
And Sheet Metal
Work

If you want anything done in this line let me figure on the job. We guarantee every piece of work we do. Winter is coming on, and if your roof leaks, or your gutters or spouting is out of order see me, before the rush of winter work comes on.

Bedford, - Penna.

"Waverly" Oils and Gasolines

Gasolines—Illuminants—Lubricants—Wax—Specialties
Waverly Oil Works Co., Pittsburgh

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND. Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

EMORY D. CLAAR

Attorney-at-Law
Bedford, Pa.

Located in office of the late Frank Fletcher, Esq.

AMERICAN WAR LOANS

The decision of the United States government opposing loans by American bankers made to nations at war is heartily to be approved. It does not dodge the question. It does not haggle over the matter whether or not the law of nations will allow such loans. It simply goes to the root of the question, to the spirit, not the letter of rules of neutrality, and says with the utmost brevity that such loans "are inconsistent with the true spirit of neutrality."

To be sure, our merchants have the right to send foodstuffs, at their own risk of capture, to countries at war; and, to be sure, the loan asked

for might be all expended in this country for foodstuffs, so that no gold goes out of the country; but a hundred millions borrowed here and spent here for wheat releases as much over there to be spent for war material. We would not sell powder or guns, but we would make it possible for them to do so.

In this action the government has accepted the principles laid down, first, we believe, several years ago by Mr. Bryan himself and elaborated in an address three years ago at the meeting of the American peace congress by the banker, James Speyer, to the effect that one of the best ways to reduce war would be for bankers

to refuse to finance war by loans.

This decision by our government is proof of a real desire to put an end to war, without regard to our own interests. It is to the present interest of our bankers, and our people who would buy bonds, to make such loans at profitable rates. We decline to take that benefit. We take the larger world-view of peace and war; and in the end the advantage which will come from shortening the war and forcing peace will be greater than the immediate gain which takes profit out of a sister nation's calamities. We could lend to both sides. We lend to neither; we keep clear from complications and we help the cause of peace.

This is a splendid precedent to make in the practice of international law and forecasts the day when neutral nations will automatically cease all intercourse with those who engage in war.—New York Independent.

It is a fact that the Republican party advocated war for this very purpose of providing in this way a chance for the rich people to loan money at a high rate, sometimes as high as 20%, to the nations at war in order to fill the coffers of the rich at the expense of the lives and destitution of the poor. The American people are thankful that they have a President who sees things in the light of advantage to the poor and needy and does not allow his vision to be clouded by visits and conferences from the rich. Bryan says that war is only a means for rich men's spoils. The wealthy money lenders agitate war for personal gain without any thought as to the fellow who must stand on the firing line or his family who toils at home.

For dyspepsia, our national ailment, use Burdock Blood Bitters. Recommended for strengthening digestion, purifying the blood. At all drug stores. \$1.00 a bottle.—Adv.

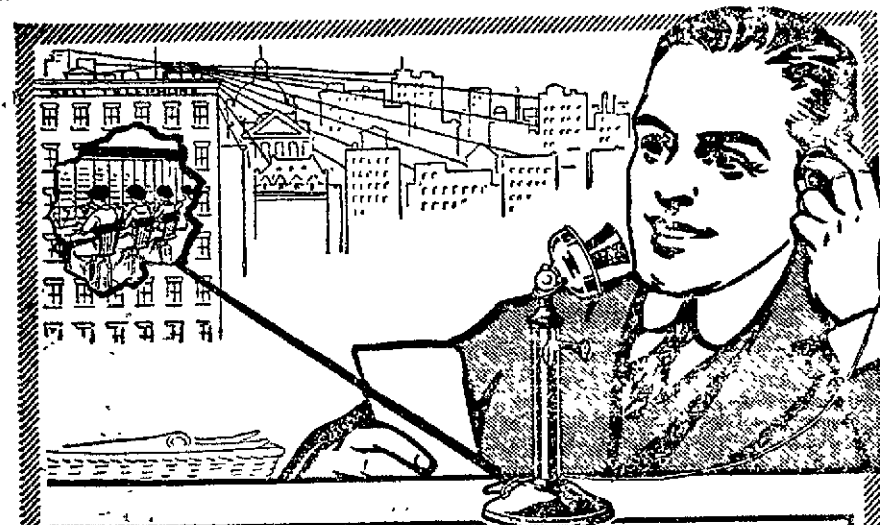
OLD DR. THEEL'S GERMAN MEDICAL

Office, Inc. 1719 Spruce Garden St. Phila., Pa. (Over 20 years in business). Dr. Theel is a German Physician, and has been practicing medicine for over 20 years. He is a member of the German Medical Association, and has been awarded several medals and diplomas for his services to the medical profession.

Old Dr. Theel's German Medical is a complete system of medical treatment, and is the only one of its kind in the world. It is a complete system of medical treatment, and is the only one of its kind in the world. It is a complete system of medical treatment, and is the only one of its kind in the world.

Book Truth Opened His Eyes. A. H. H. says under oath "I freed from effects of Past Intemperance, Arrogance, Weakness, Lame Back, Forgetfulness, Poor Memory, Pimples, BLOOD POISON, being cured with Mercury, Tonic, and other Remedies. I am now a strong, healthy man, and I am able to do any kind of work. I am now a strong, healthy man, and I am able to do any kind of work."

Gazette Job Rooms are up-to-date. Call and be convinced.



An individual line takes you straight to the operator

No waiting till the other party is through, for the line is all yours, individually and privately.

It's like express service. It gives a through track for your customers, who may often have to wait because "the line is busy"—engaged by another party.

It's the only service for the business man, and the cost is very little more each month than for a party line. Many men spend as much for smoking tobacco daily, without compunction.

Ask the Business Office for rates.

M. S. ENFIELD
Local Manager
The Central District Telephone Co.
Bedford, Pa.



PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer at public sale, on the premises, in the Borough of Rainsburg, at 2 o'clock p. m. on

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1914, all the real estate of John H. Mower, late of said borough, deceased, consisting of four contiguous lots of ground on the east side of Liberty Street, on which the decedent lately resided; bounded on the north by Wood Street and on the east and south by alleys, and each fronting about 80 feet on said Liberty Street; having thereon a good frame, weatherboarded dwelling house of two stories; a stable and other usual outbuildings, all in fine condition, and fruit trees of choice varieties; being a very desirable home, with ample grounds.

Also, an out-lot, immediately across the alley in the rear of the above, having a front on said alley of about 148.5 feet and extending back therefrom about 630 feet; well fenced and in good condition.

Terms:—Cash on confirmation of sale, or sales.
HALLIE G. MOWER,
Administratrix of said dec'd.
J. H. LONGENECKER,
Atty for Adm. Oct. 16, 21.

FARM FOR SALE

The farm formerly owned by Frederick Berkhelmer, deceased, situated in East St. Clair Township, Bedford County, and contains Thirty Acres, and lies one and one-half miles southwest from Osterburg, and one and one-half miles northwest from Reynoldsdale. Has erected thereon a frame dwelling house, a new frame barn, and outbuildings. The farm has a new, flowing water supply. Land all tillable. Inquire of A. C. BERKHEIMER, Osterburg, Pa.

ROOFING! ROOFING!

If you are going to build a house, barn or outbuildings, and need lumber, siding, flooring, ceiling, long lumber, doors, sash, moulding, frames, or a good cheap roof that will outlast shingles, iron or tin, phone or call on the Davidson Lumber Company, Bedford, Pa., and we will surely treat you right.

DAVIDSON LUMBER CO.,
Bedford, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

[Estate of David Falford, late of Bedford Borough, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.]

Letters of administration c. t. a. on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

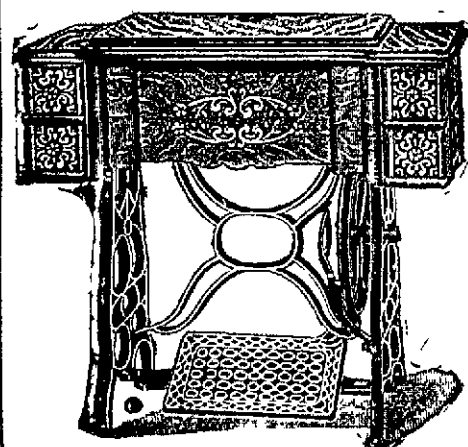
W. S. FLETCHER,
Administrator c. t. a.
210 N. Thomas St., Bedford, Pa.
B. F. MADORE, Atty. 16 Oct. 6t

NOTICE TO HUNTERS

No hunting allowed on my premises. Ten dollars fine for disobeying this rule.

16 Oct. 2t. Rt. 3, Bedford, Pa.

You will be pleased with our meat job work. Give us a call!



Improved Latest Model
Handsome
Oak Cabinet
SEWING MACHINE
\$15.50

Guaranteed. Write or call

Metzger Hardware Company
BEDFORD, PENNA.

Wanted, For Sale, For Rent, Etc.,

RATES—One cent per word for each insertion. No advertisement accepted for less than 15 cents. Subscribers living in Bedford County who have paid in advance are entitled to two insertions free, providing they are brief.

Dr. Gump wants to employ a good, reliable, honest young man to work for him.

Lost—A Moon Stone Ring, large set; reward if returned to Miss Nancy Allen, Bedford, Pa.

For Sale—Thoroughbred Jersey heifer calf, five days old. S. W. Rouzer, 230 West John Street, Bedford.

For meat hogsheads, crout stands, barrels and repair work, call on S. F. Silver, Bedford. 8 Oct. 2t

For Sale—Desirable lots on South Juliana Street. Easy payments. Jo. W. Tate.

For Sale Cheap—Two sheet iron heating stoves in good condition, one a double heater. Inquire at this office or at Union Hotel.

Apples—We will buy your apples or sell them for you. Can handle any quantity. Write, phone or call P. W. Smith Company, Bedford, Pa. 18 Sept. 1m.

John Line is receiving a carload of No. 1 New York potatoes early next week. The price will be 75c at the car.

For Sale—Six h. p. gasoline engine and wood saw mounted on truck; also one good feed mill. Steward Claycomb, Weyant. 8 Oct. 2-t-8

For Rent—Fisher House, South Richard Street, Bedford. Apply to Mrs. M. A. Fisher, No. 7 Williams Street, Cumberland, Md. 8 Oct 3t.

Wanted—A cook for small family. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. S. S. Metzger, 317 South Richard Street, Bedford. 2 Oct. 3t.

For Sale—General Store in heart of good farming community. Apply at this office. Aug. 6, 1t.

A full line of Ladies' and Children's Coats and Sweaters at Carrie V. Dallard's, Mann's Choice.—Adv. 8 Oct. 2t.

For Sale—Trio Silver Lace Wyandottes, trio White Leghorns, 2 trios S. C. Black Minorcas, 6 R. C. R. I. Red Cockerels, Silver Campine cock. Grove Poultry Yards, Bedford, Pa.

For Sale or Exchange—A fine 1913 model fore-doo Reo Touring Car, newly repainted; will guarantee in fine condition. Milton Sammel, Bedford. 16 Oct. 3t.

FLORIDA

For Sale—Orange and grapefruit groves a specialty. Large returns. Unimproved orange land. Truck land. No winters; cool summers. Write John Hewins, Kissimmee, Fla. 2-O-4t

For Sale Cheap—To quick buyers 10 horses, several good 6-passenger carriages, single and double harness. Want to reduce stock. All in good condition. Stiver's Stables, Bedford, Pa. 28 Aug. 1t.

NOTICE

All persons are hereby notified that the Heltsel Farms located between Yount's Station and Imbertown, Bedford County, Penna., are posted lands, and all persons are warned from trespassing or hunting thereon under the penalties provided in the law. FRED HELTSEL.

Just Arrived—A full line of Dill's medicines and extracts. One of the best vanilla for 25c that money can buy. Give me a call. I will be glad to see you whether you buy or not. Self-threading needles, rubber stamps, metal polish, etc. Try a box of Star Ointment, only 10c. Ross A. Spragg, Agent, 225 South East Street, Bedford.

We have just received information that the First National Nurseries of Rochester, N. Y., wants lady or gentlemen representatives in this section to sell all kinds of Roses, Shrubs, Trees and Seeds. They inform us that without previous experience it is possible to make good wages every week. Any one out of employment write them for terms and enclose this notice. Sept. 11, 8t.

Cider Cider

KOONTZ BROTHERS

Koontz Brothers will operate their press near Cessna on every Wednesday during August. After that on Wednesdays and Thursdays. Aug 14, 1t.

Yellow Creek, Pa., August 23, 1914. Mr. J. Roy Cessna, Bedford, Pa.

Dear Sir:—Received draft for \$100.00 on policy No. 614,888 Camden Fire Insurance Association. I desire to state that I am perfectly satisfied with dealings of company.

Was also pleased with promptness, courtesy and liberality that was shown me. Yours for success,

JOSEPH H. CLAPPER.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE

[Assigned Estate of Osterburg Grange, No. 737, P. of H.] In the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County, Pa., to apportion the real and personal property funds, determine all questions at issue in the said estate and make distribution to such as are entitled, will sit for the purposes of his appointment at the Court House in Bedford, Pa., on Friday, the 6th day of November, 1914, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons interested may attend if they see proper or otherwise be forever debarred from participating in the distribution of the said funds. D. C. REILEY, Auditor. JOHN N. MINNICH, Esq., Attorney. 16 Oct. 3t.

All persons having sale bills printed at this office get a free notice in the sale register. This is worth several times the price of the bills.

W. E. SLAUGENHOUP'S BIG STORE

IMPORTANT WEEK-END SPECIALS

Every Department in this Big Store offers great savings for you. Read and profit by them.

Announcing the Sale of Ladies' Wirthmor Waists at 98c



Wirthmor Waists, properly so named are on sale in our store. These Waists sell at 98c. They will always be worth more than the price you pay. A new plan of co-operation between manufacturer and retailer makes possible the sale at this price of waists that would ordinarily sell at \$1.50 and \$2.00. Sincerely do we believe that these are the very best waist values that have ever been offered.

Under an agreement recently made by the producer we will always be able to offer at 98c Waists that are vastly superior to what you can obtain at this price elsewhere.

Wirthmor Waists are sold here and here only.

Ladies' New Ready-to-Wear Department, Second Floor.

Week-End Savings On High Grade Groceries

FANCY JERSEY SWEET POTATOES

So great was the demand last week that our supply was soon exhausted, but here they are again and a larger supply. Price the same, 25c peck.

SOAP—Anco White Laundry Soap. Regular 5c cake. Special at 7 Cakes 25c.

RICE—Good grade Japan Rice, worth 8c pound; special at 4c pound.

CRISCO needs no introduction; 25c can, special at 19c can.

HAMS—Extra quality sugar cured Ham. Special at 19c pound.

MAPLE SUGAR—Pure Cream Maple Sugar - 14c lb

OUTING—Excellent grade 10c Outing, special at 7c yard.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR—Values up to \$1.25, at 49c.

SHOES—New lots Ladies Shoes, values up to \$3.00, at 98c.

New lots Children's Shoes, values up to \$2.50, at 49c.

MUSLIN—Extra heavy brown sheeting muslin. Special at 7c yard.

CORSET—R & G Rustless Corsets, \$1.25 value; special at 98c.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR—Values up to 75c, at 29c.

New lots Men's Shoes, values up to \$3.00, at \$1.49.

GINGHAMS—Lancaster apron gingham 8c value, special at 4 1/2c yard.

One lot Poplin, Ratine, etc., values up to 50c yard; special at 19c yard.

WARM WEARABLES FOR WINTER WEATHER

Don't Let Cold Weather Find You Without A Good Supply of Warm Wearables

Never before has this store been so well stocked to supply your every need in Warm Wearables for Fall and Winter. Supply your needs now while our stocks are complete and be prepared.

OUTING GOWNS

Women's gowns of best quality outing, in a variety of dainty colorings. Regular and extra sizes,

\$1.00 and \$1.50.

THE BRADLEY KNIT COAT SWEATERS

A safe prevention from the cold. Made of soft, lustrous yarn, carefully knitted and fashioned,

\$1.00 to \$8.00.

FALL UNDERWEAR

Complete stocks of America's finest makes of Underwear are now on sale at the Big Store.

Women's Suits, Coats, Dresses, etc.

Hundreds of beautiful new styles, ready for your choosing. Women who awaken suddenly to the realization that autumn is upon us, will save time and energy by coming here. No other stocks in this town or county are so large, so varied and so attractively priced.

You will need Blankets and Comforts. We have them specially priced. Buy Now.

W. E. SLAUGENHOUP

SUCCESSOR TO
BARNETT'S Store

Bedford's Biggest and Best Store.

Bedford, Pa.